



bioenergy2020+

Biomass steam gasification - A platform for synthesis gas applications

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COMET

Competence Centers for
Excellent Technologies

Team of R&D

- Scientific partners



- Engineering (as example)



- Operators (as example)



bioenergy2020+

Bioenergy 2020+ is a Competence Centre funded according to the rules of the COMET program from Austria

Start of the project in COMET Program:	01 st April 2008
Foundation of company „bioenergy 2020+“:	29 th January 2009
Headquarter:	Graz
Research locations:	Güssing, Wieselburg
Additional research locations:	Pinkafeld, Tulln
Budget per year:	4.5 Mio.€
Funding:	55%
Personal:	about 70 full time equivalents

Homepage

<http://www.bioenergy2020.eu/>

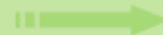
Bioenergy 2020+ Vision

State of science

Vision of BIOENERGY 2020+

Area I: Biomass combustion

conventional biomass fuels
(wood fuels, straw)



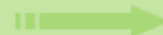
new biomass fuels
(annual crops, short rotation plants, waste materials from the agricultural and the food industry, etc.)

modern biomass combustion technologies



next generation biomass combustion systems
(towards zero emission technologies)

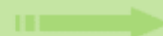
conventional CHP technologies



innovative small- and micro-scale CHP systems
advanced highly efficient medium-scale systems

Area II: Biomass gasification, fermentation and liquid biofuels

gasification based CHP
(heat & power)



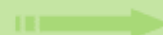
polygeneration plants
(heat & power & BioSNG/BioFIT/hydrogen)

engine based CHP



combined cycles (e.g. IGCC) and fuel cells

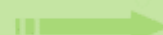
1st generation biofuels
(biooils, biodiesel, ethanol from sugar/starch)



2nd generation biofuels
(synthetic biofuels e.g. BtL, upgraded biogas, ethanol from ligno-cellulosic materials, hydrogen)

Area III: Modelling and simulation

single model development

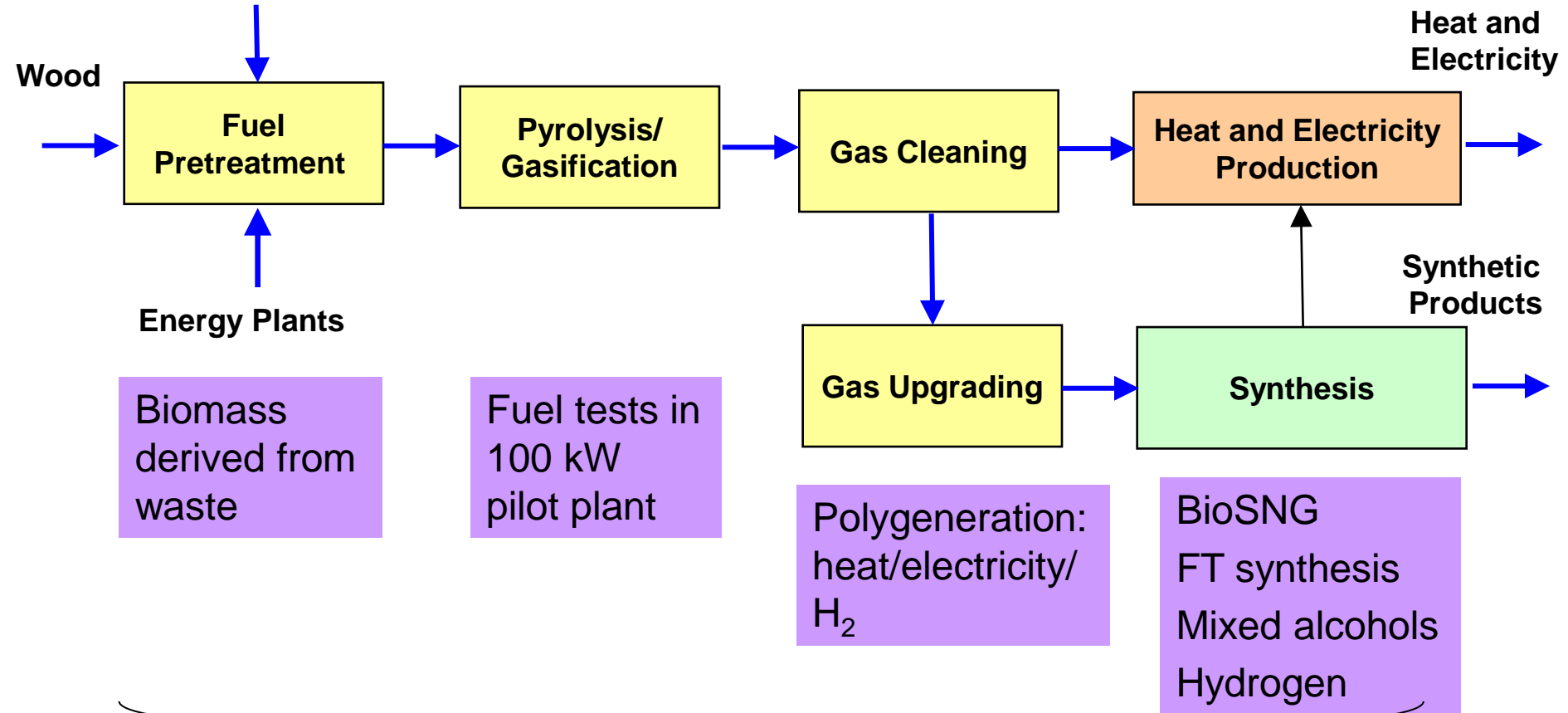


virtual biomass conversion plant

Research along the process chain

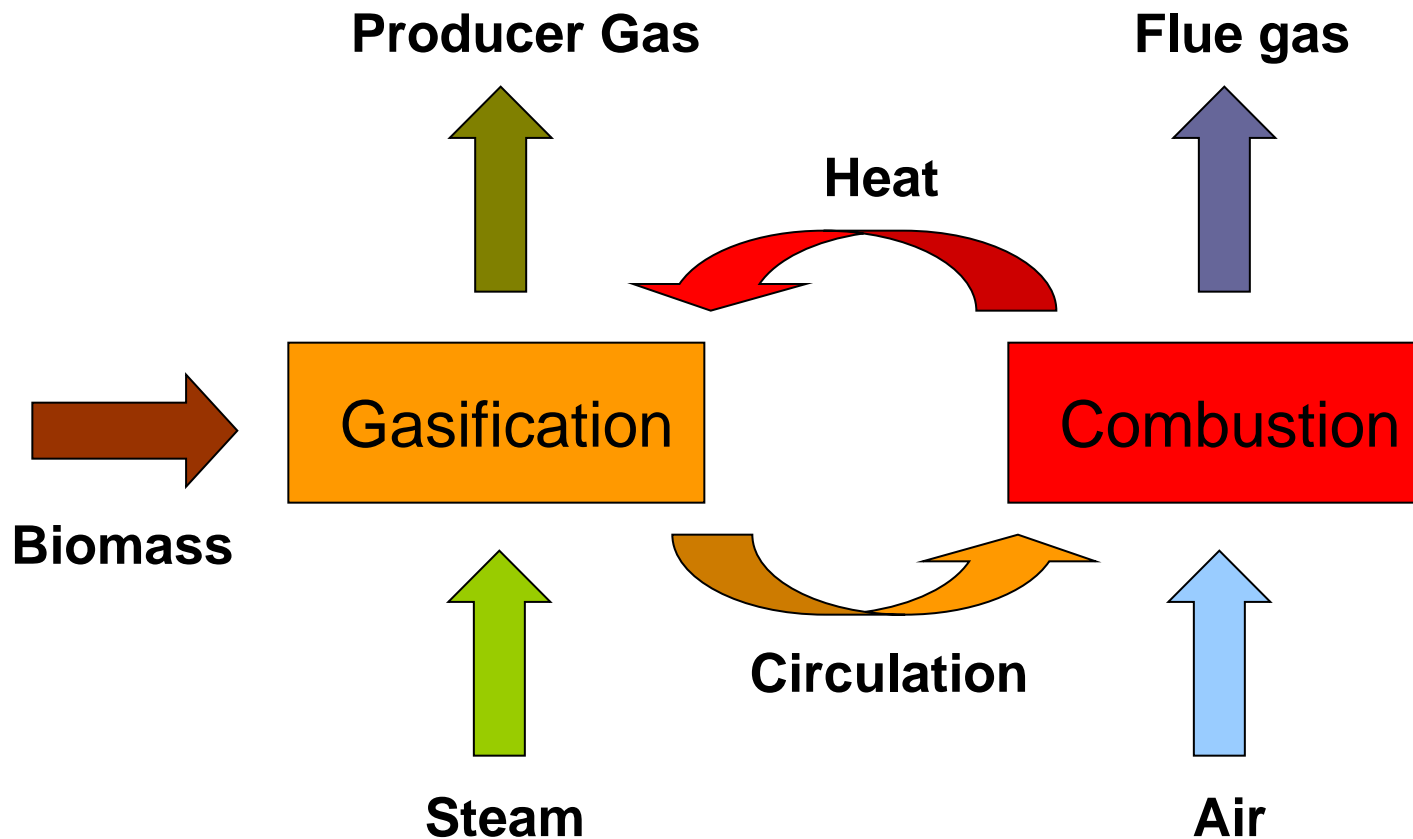


Biogenous Residues

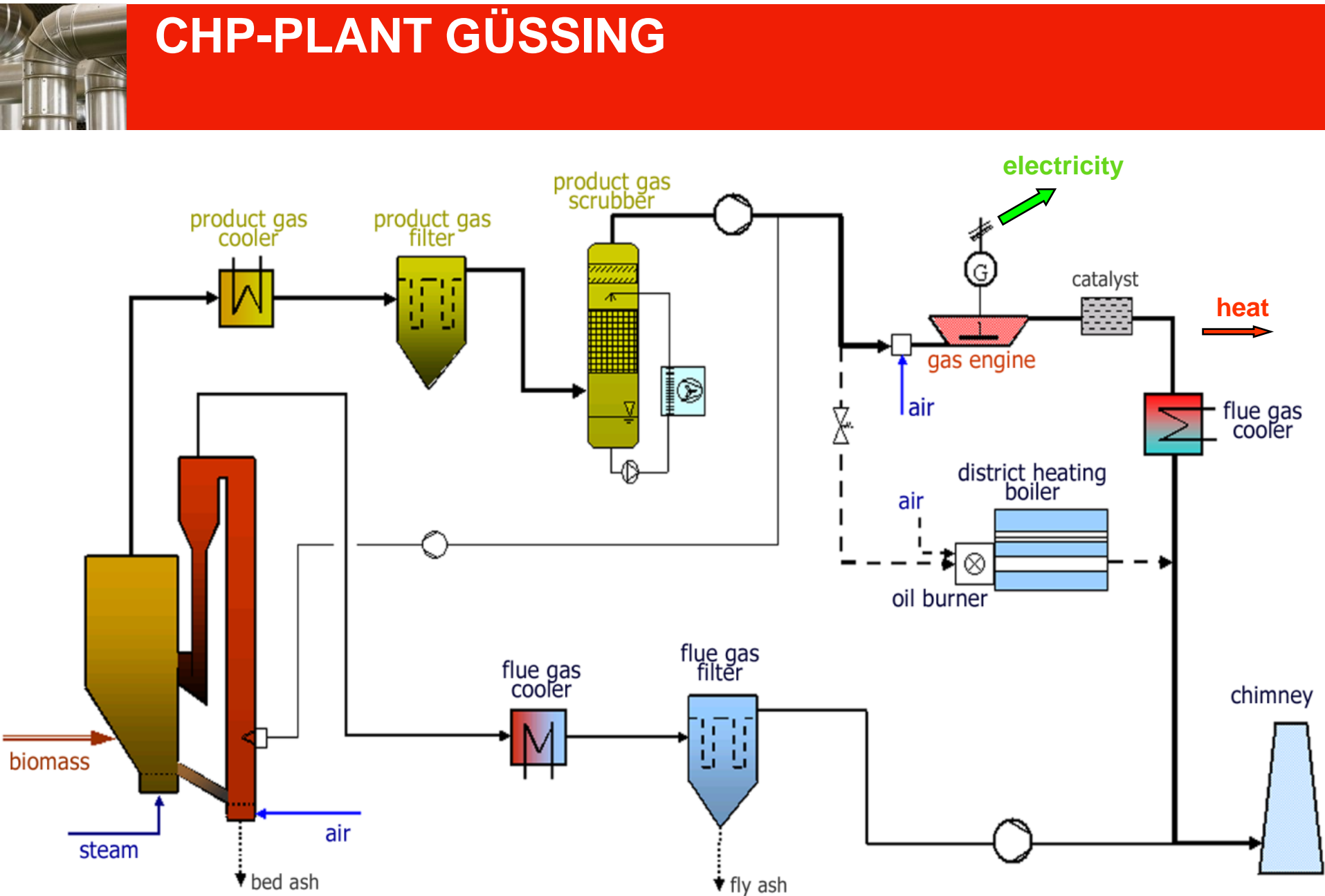


Performance and long term tests / maintenance
 Optimisation of the whole chain

Gasification Concept of FICFB



CHP-PLANT GÜSSING



Gas Composition (after gas cleaning)

Main Components		
H ₂	%	35-45
CO	%	20-25
CH ₄	%	~10
CO ₂	%	20-25
Minor Components		
C ₂ H ₄	%	2-3
C ₂ H ₆	%	~0.5
C ₃ H ₄	%	~0,4
O ₂	%	< 0,1
N ₂	%	1-3
C ₆ H ₆	g/m ³	~8
C ₇ H ₈	g/m ³	~0,5
C ₁₀ H ₈	g/m ³	~2
TARS	mg/m ³	20-30

Possible poisons		
H ₂ S	mgS/Nm ³	~200
Mercaptans	mgS/Nm ³	~30
Thiophens	mgS/Nm ³	~7
HCl	ppm	~3
NH ₃	ppm	500-1000
Dust	mg/Nm ³	< 20

H₂:CO = from 1.5:1 to 2:1

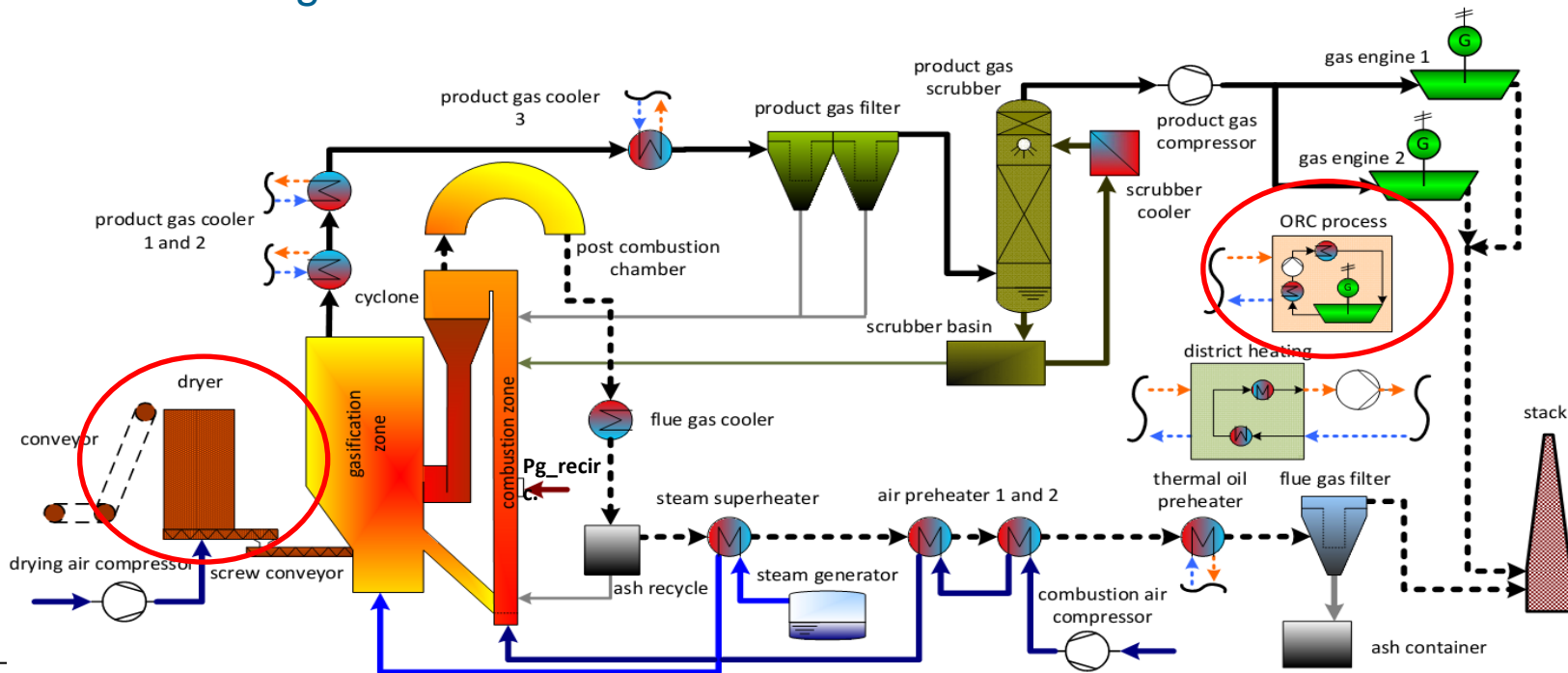


Location	Usage / Product	Fuel / Product MW, MW	Start up	Supplier	Status
Güssing, AT	Gas engine	8.0 _{fuel} / 2.0 _{el}	2002	AE&E, Repotec	Operational
Oberwart, AT	Gas engine / ORC / H ₂	8.5 _{fuel} / 2.8 _{el}	2008	Ortner Anlagenbau	Operational
Villach, AT	Gas engine	15 _{fuel} / 3.7 _{el}	2010	Ortner Anlagenbau	Operational
Klagenfurt, AT	Gas engine, BioSNG	25 _{fuel} / 5.5 _{el}	?	Ortner Anlagenbau	Planing
Senden/Ulm DE	Gas engine / ORC	14 _{fuel} / 5 _{el}	2011	Repotec	Commissioning
Göteborg, Sweden	BioSNG	32 _{fuel} /20 _{BioSNG}	?	Metso/ Repotec	Construction
Vienna, OMV	Hydrogen	50 _{fuel} /30 _{hydrogen}	?	Repotec	Planing – decision end of 2012

FICFB Oberwart

Product gas composition	
H ₂	35 - 45 vol. %
CO	18 - 23 vol. %
CO ₂	20 - 24 vol. %
CH ₄	7 - 10 vol. %
C _x H _y	1-3 vol. %

- FICFB, gas engine, ORC
- 8.5 MW_{fuel}, 2.8 MW_{el}
- 17.000 t wood chips/year
- District heating distance 5.2 km



Polygeneration

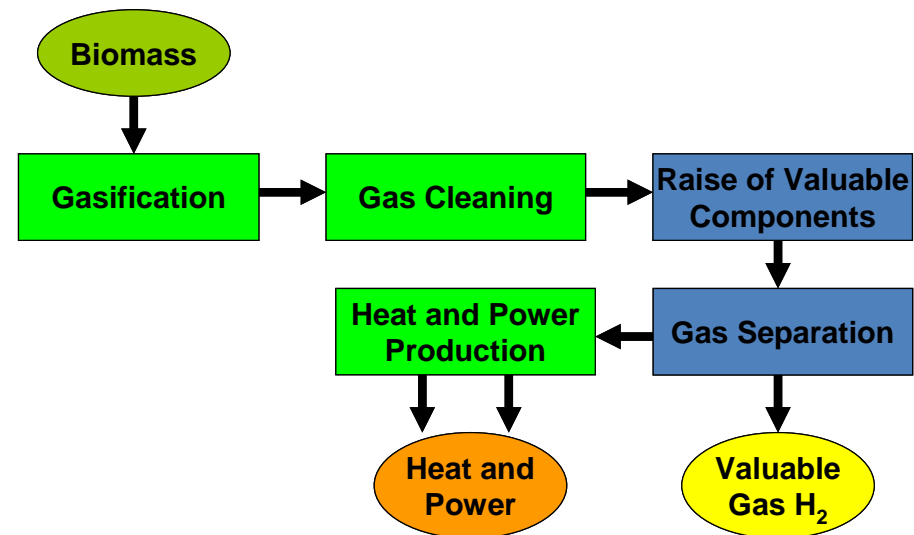
Production of Valuable Gases, Electricity and Heat from Biofuels

Objective:

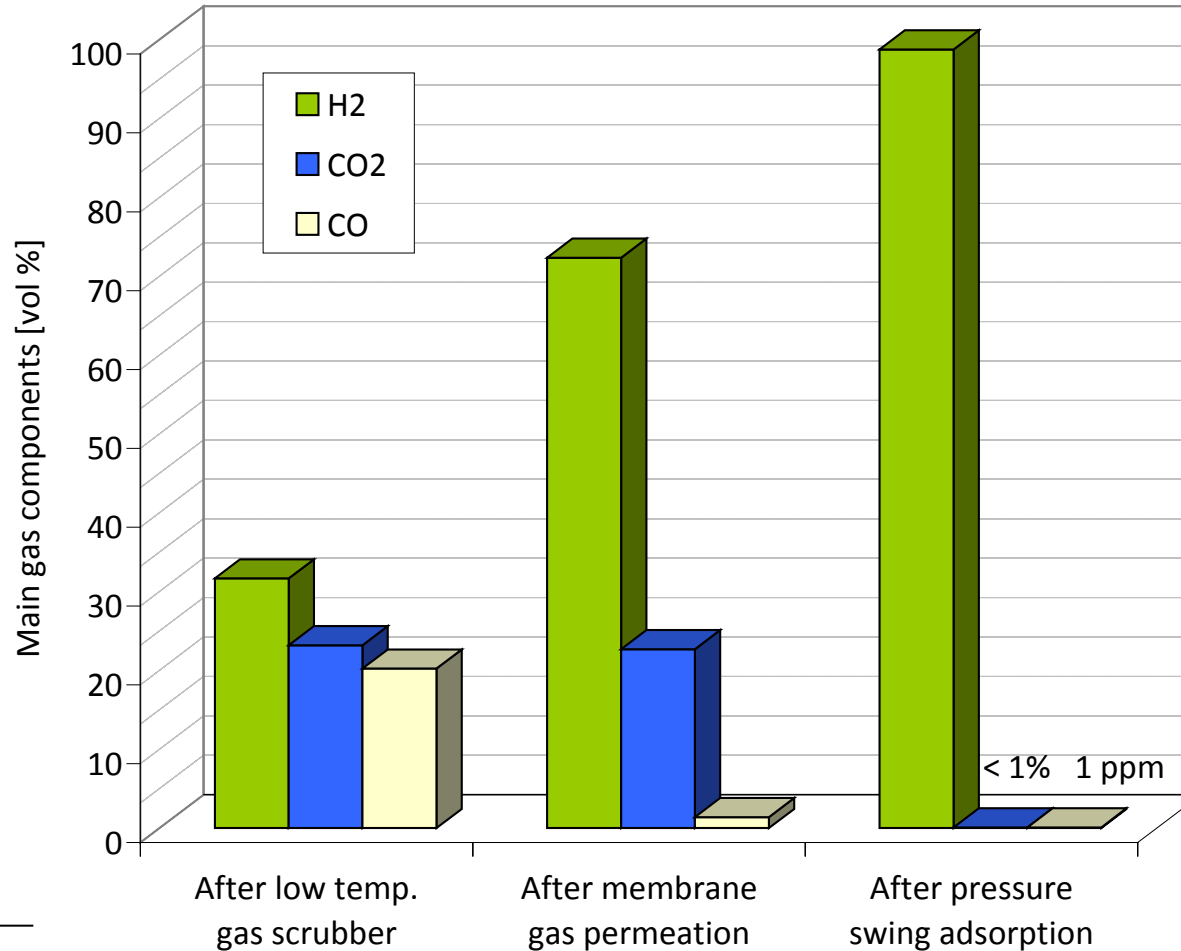
Develop economic feasible process configurations for the production of valuable gases, heat and electricity by using polygeneration strategies.

Milestones:

- Raise of valuable gases in producer gas
- Separation of valuable gases from producer gas
- Optimization of process chains
- Design of pilot plant



Polygeneration – Results



Hydrogen is used in a PEM fuel cell

Biomass CHP Güssing



- FT synthesis
- Mixed Alcohols
- Hydrogen

Gasifier

BioSNG PDU

Technikum

Fuelling Station

COMET

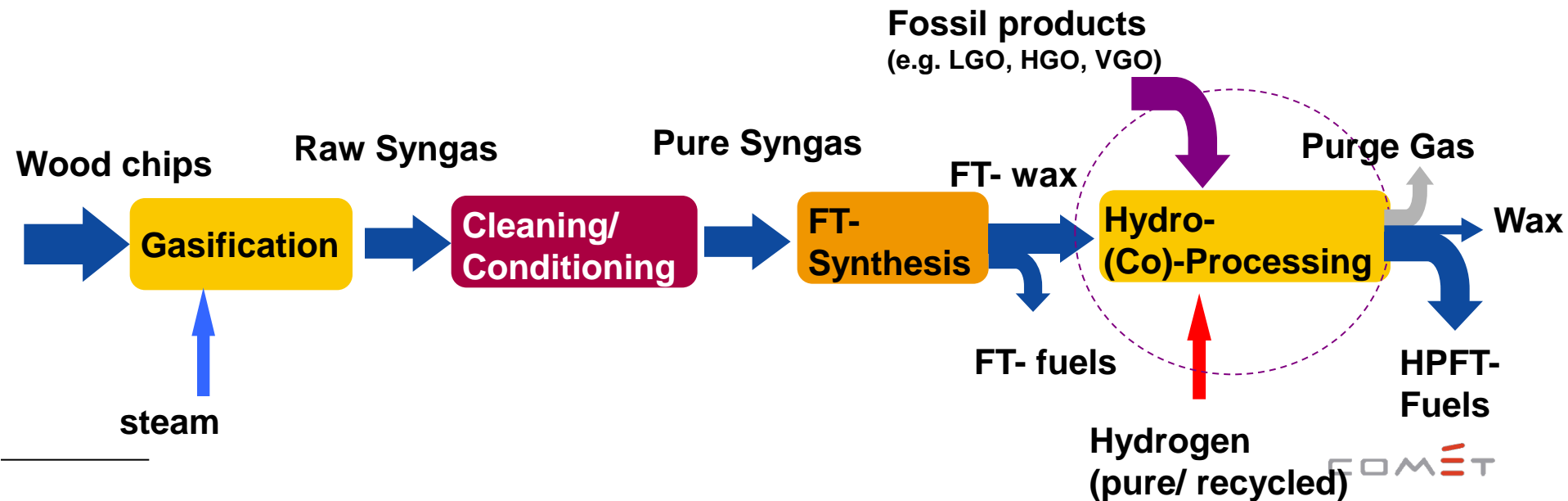
Synthetic biofuels (FT- Route)



Cellulose, Polyose (Hemicellulose)
Lignin

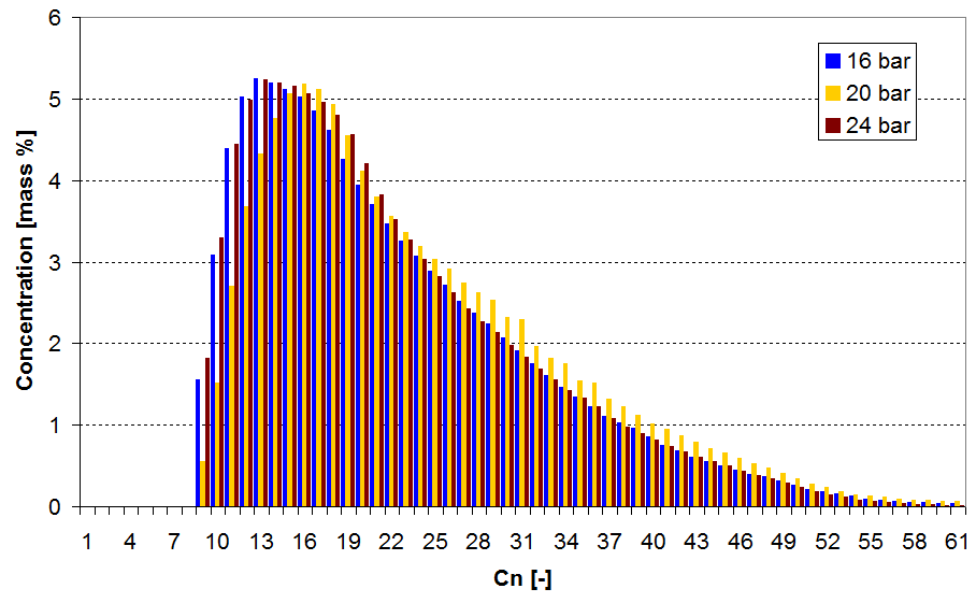


i/n- paraffins
(hydrocarbons)

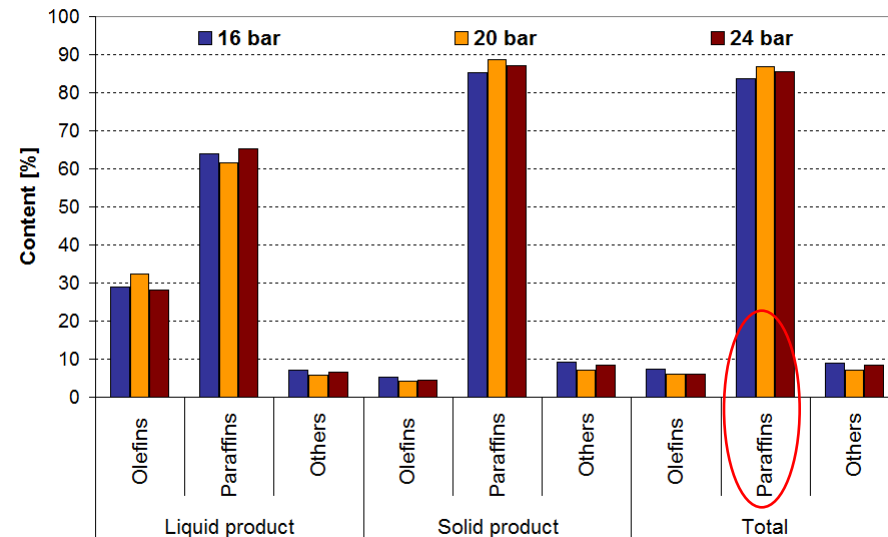


Product distribution and Hydrocarbons content

The experimental carbon distribution



Hydrocarbons content in FT products

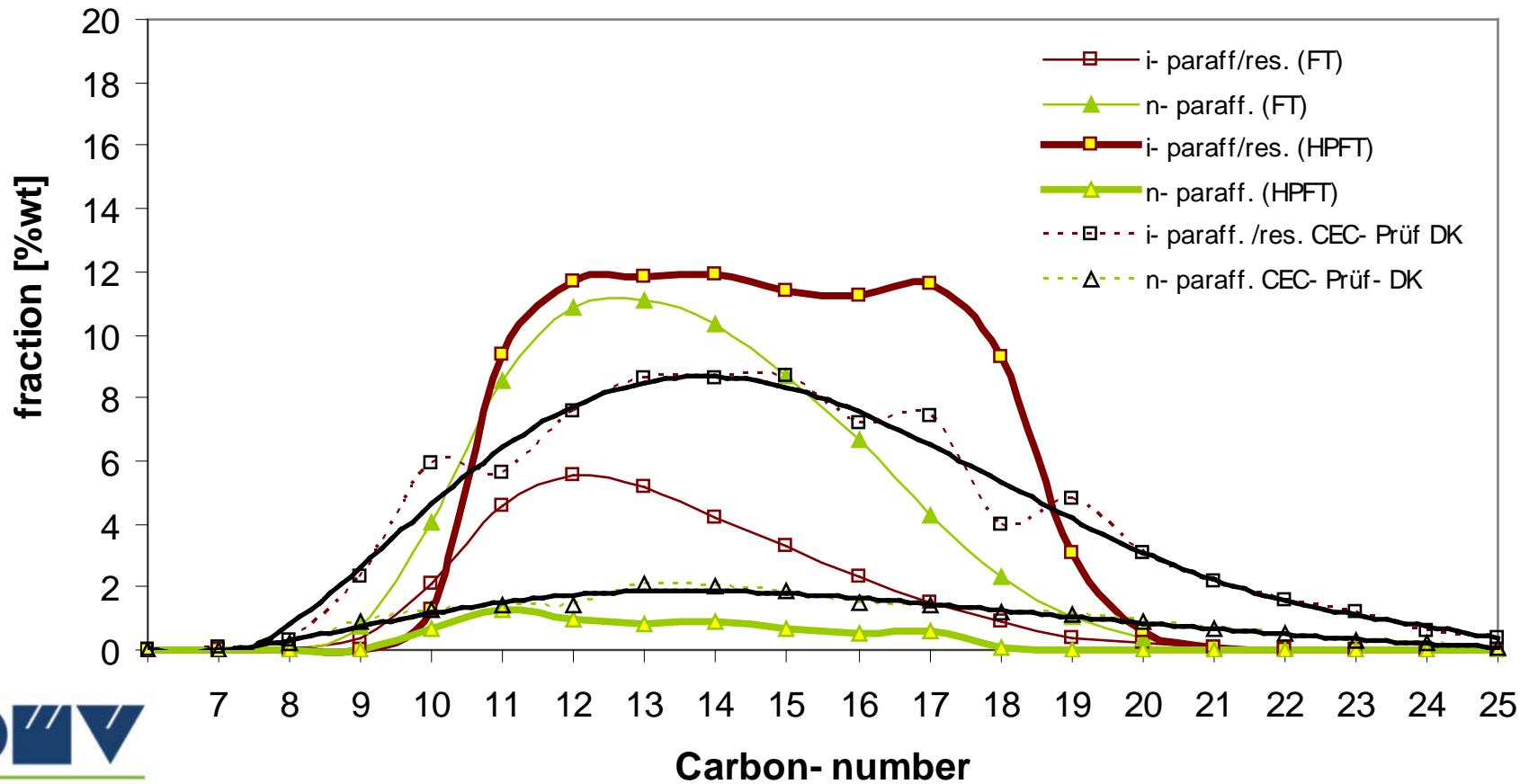


Performances of FT synthesis

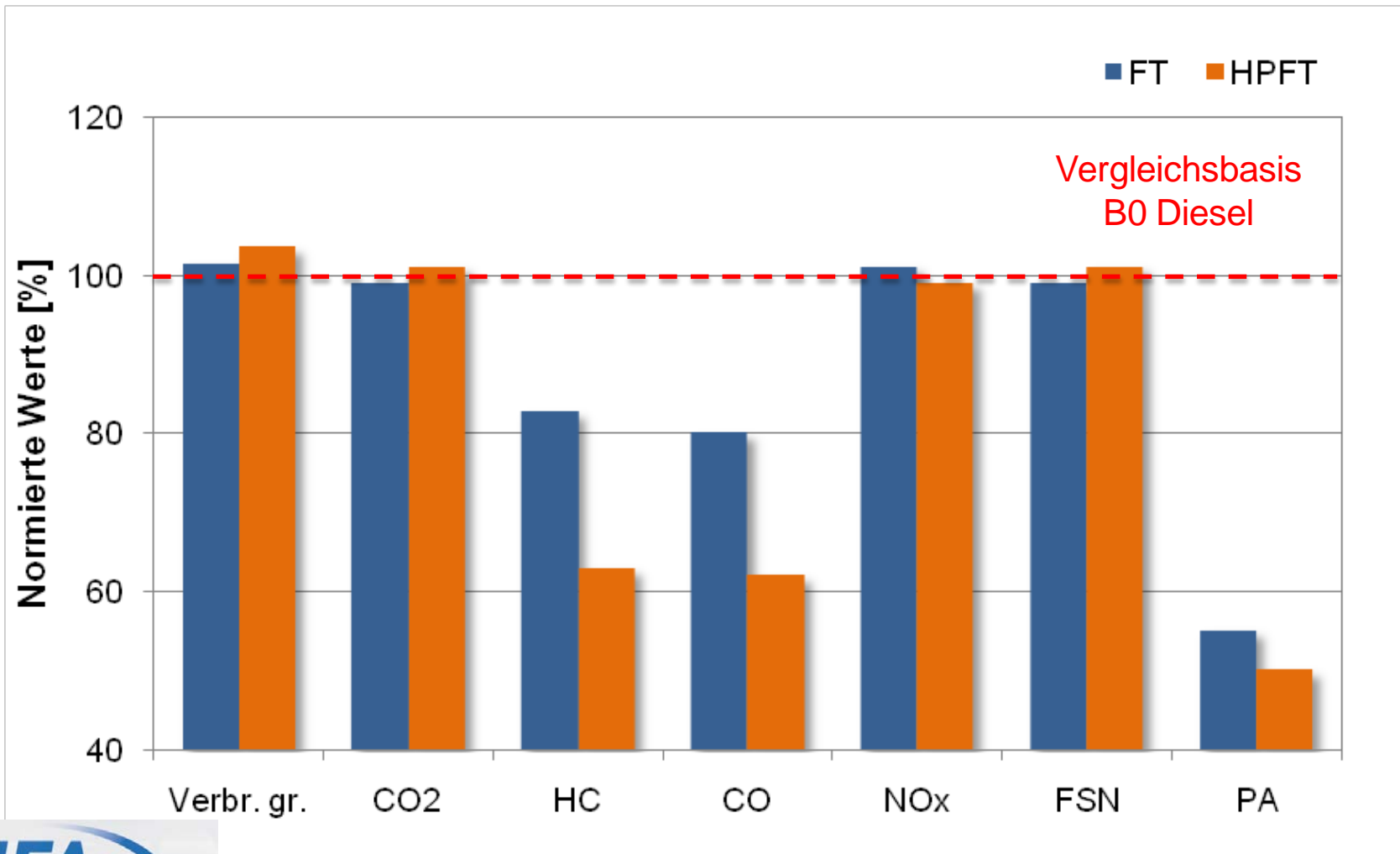
Experiment	Pressure [bar]	CO conversion [%]	α value [-]	C ₅₊ selectivity [%]	Par/Ole ratio [-]	H ₂ /CO ratio [-]
1	16	44.2	0.892	90.6	11.4	1.5
2	20	52.5	0.9	91.7	14.1	1.6
3	24	63.7	0.89	90.3	13.8	2.0

Comparison of produced FT Fuels

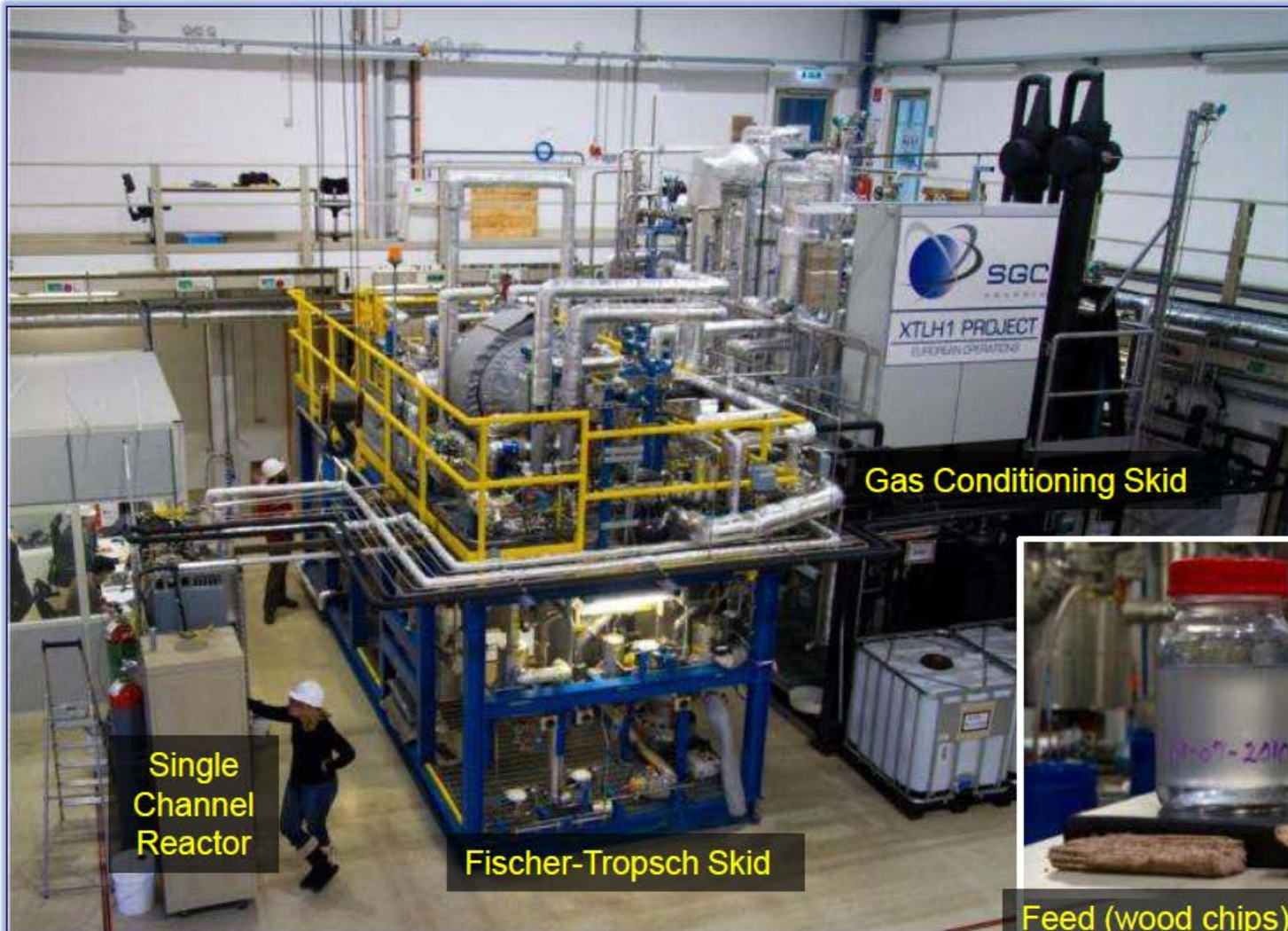
	FT- Diesel	HPFT- Diesel	CEC- Prüf.
ACN:	>72 $t_d = 2,5$ s	68,5 $t_d = 2,91$ s	>51,8 /
CFPP/CP/FP:	-12/ -9/ - °C	-62/ -60 / -98°C	-18/ -5 °C



Results on engine tests with 20% blends



SGC Energia finished successfully their 1 bpd demo



Single Channel Reactor

Fischer-Tropsch Skid

Gas Conditioning Skid



Feed (wood chips) and FT Product

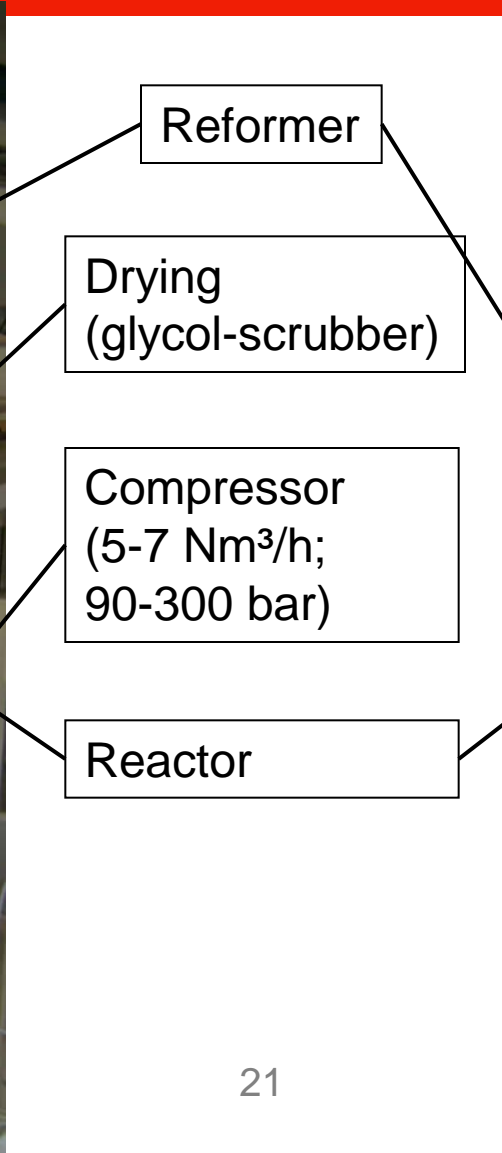


Mixed alcohols

- Funded by „Klima und Energiefonds“ and Bioenergy 2020+
- Aim is to get fundamental know how in the synthesis of mixed alcohols from biomass
- Main advantage is very simple gas cleaning, due to sulphur resistant catalyst



Actual status: first experiments are done



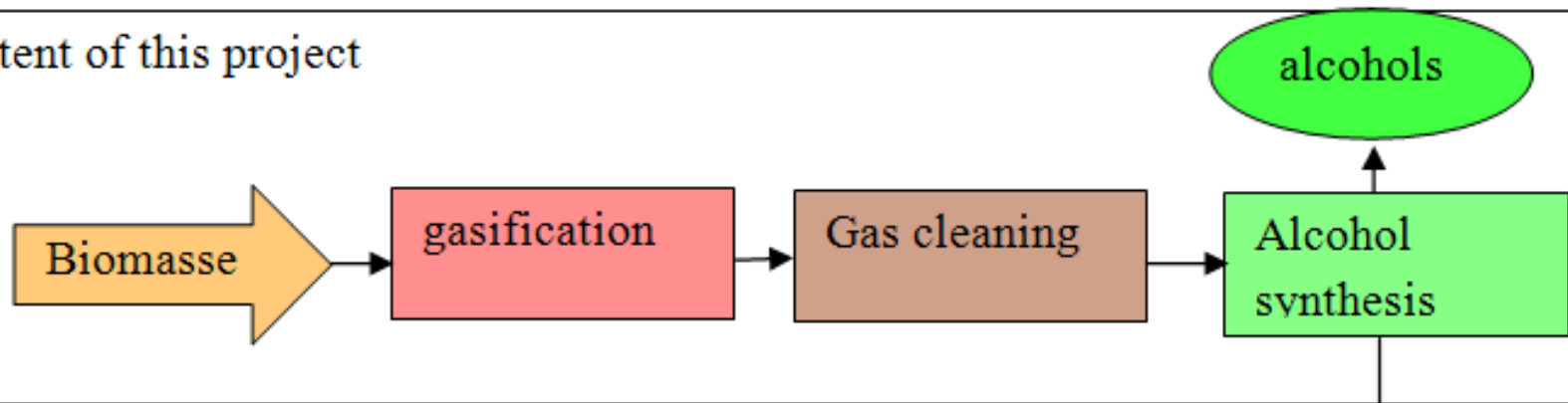


Molybdenum Catalysts

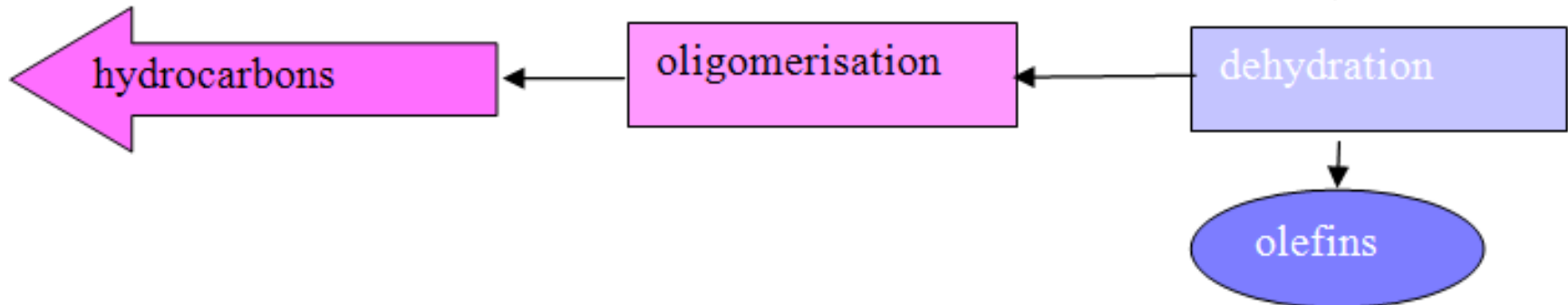
- The MoS based catalysts need about 50-100ppm of H₂S in the synthesis gas to keep the sulfidation status constant which is necessary for a constant activity. So a removal of sulphur is not necessary, which reduced the investment costs dramatically.
- These catalysts are not sensitive to CO₂ in the synthesis gas. Only for CO₂-contents above 30% a removal of CO₂ is necessary.
- Carbon deposits (coking) are normally no problem, also at H₂/CO ratios smaller than 2.
- Mainly linear alcohols are produced.

Synfuel plant

Content of this project



Commercial available



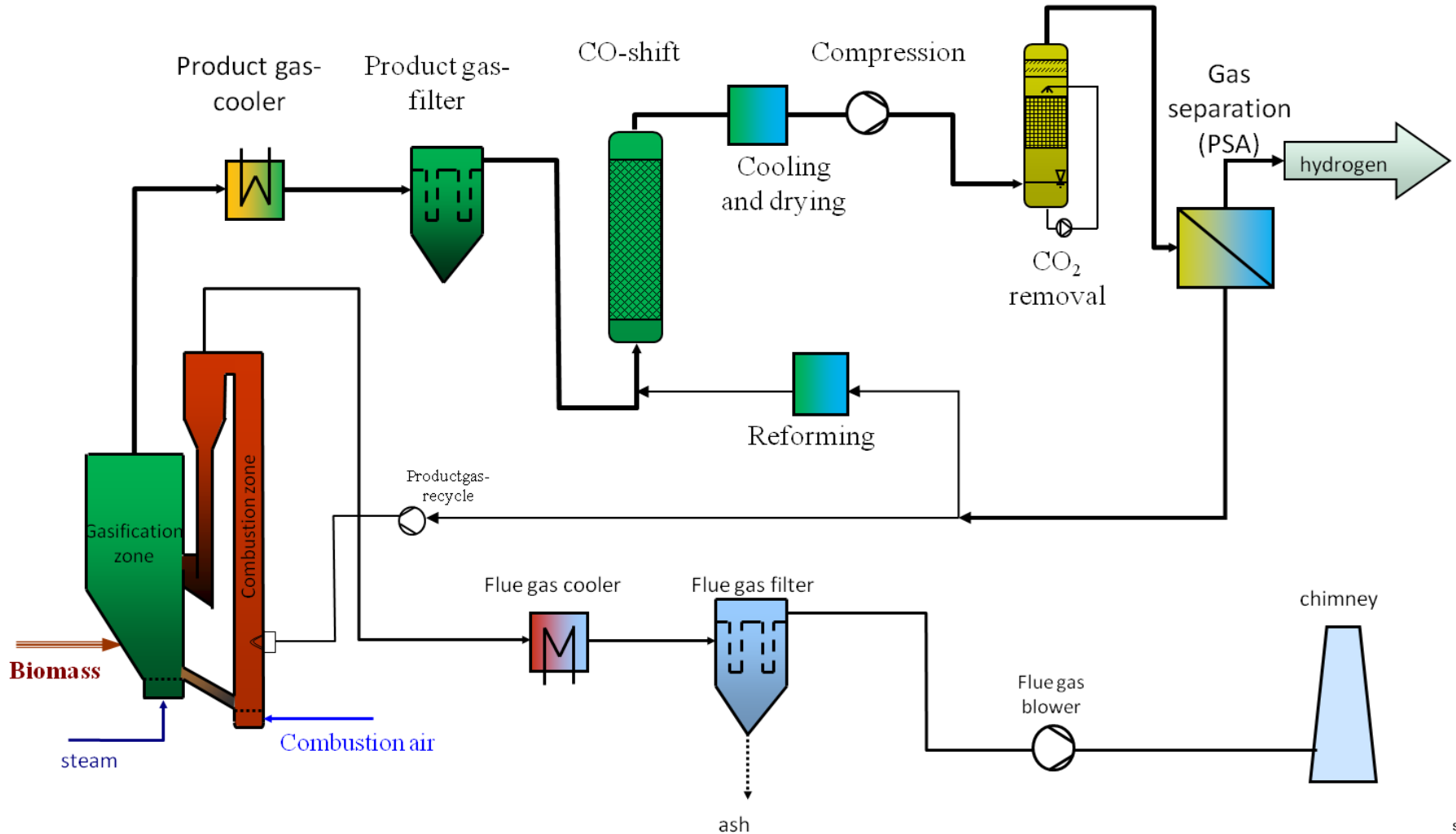


BioH₂-4Refineries

- Economic evaluation of production of hydrogen for a refinery
- Coordination by OMV
 - 50 MW fuel plant to replace fossil hydrogen
 - Evaluation of the biomass resources available for such a plant
 - Basic - engineering of the gasifier as well as of all other sub units, including pipelines, utility systems, logistic needs
 - Optimal use of by-products
 - Economic evaluation



Simplified flow chart

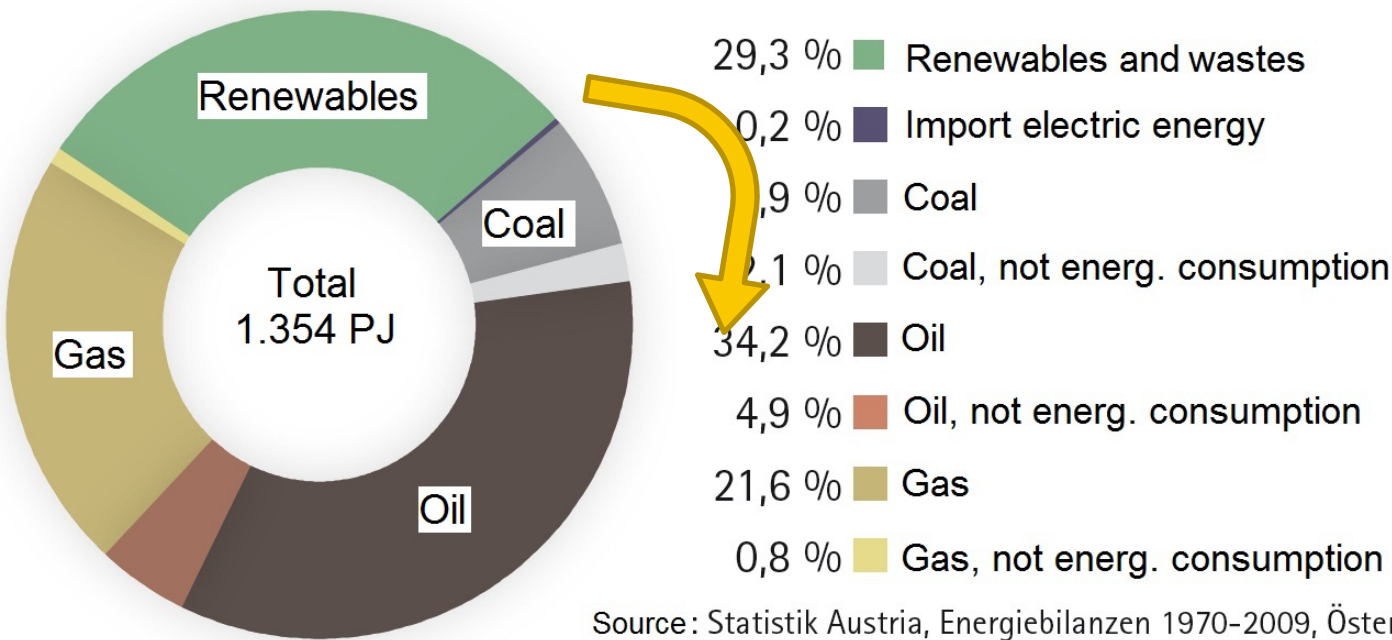




Current Status and Outlook

- Successful scale up of a dual fluidized bed steam gasification system from laboratory to industrial scale (**within 10 years**)
- Industrial plant available with
 - High electrical efficiency (> 30 % with combined gas engine and ORC-process)
 - No solid residues (only ash, carbon content <0,5 %)
 - No liquid condensates
 - European emission requirements are met
 - High availabilities (>90 %)
 - Three plants are already in operation (8-15 MW_{fuel})
- High potential for biofuels (BioSNG, BioFiT)
 - BioSNG, most suitable, 1 MW (100 m³/h BioSNG), demonstration plant is in operation (soon again)
 - BioFiT, research ongoing, scale up to 1 bpd is ongoing
- Biomass CHP Güssing optimal for research, as cheap synthesis gas is available for 7000 hours per year

Future



Source: Statistik Austria, Energiebilanzen 1970-2009, Österreichische Energieagentur

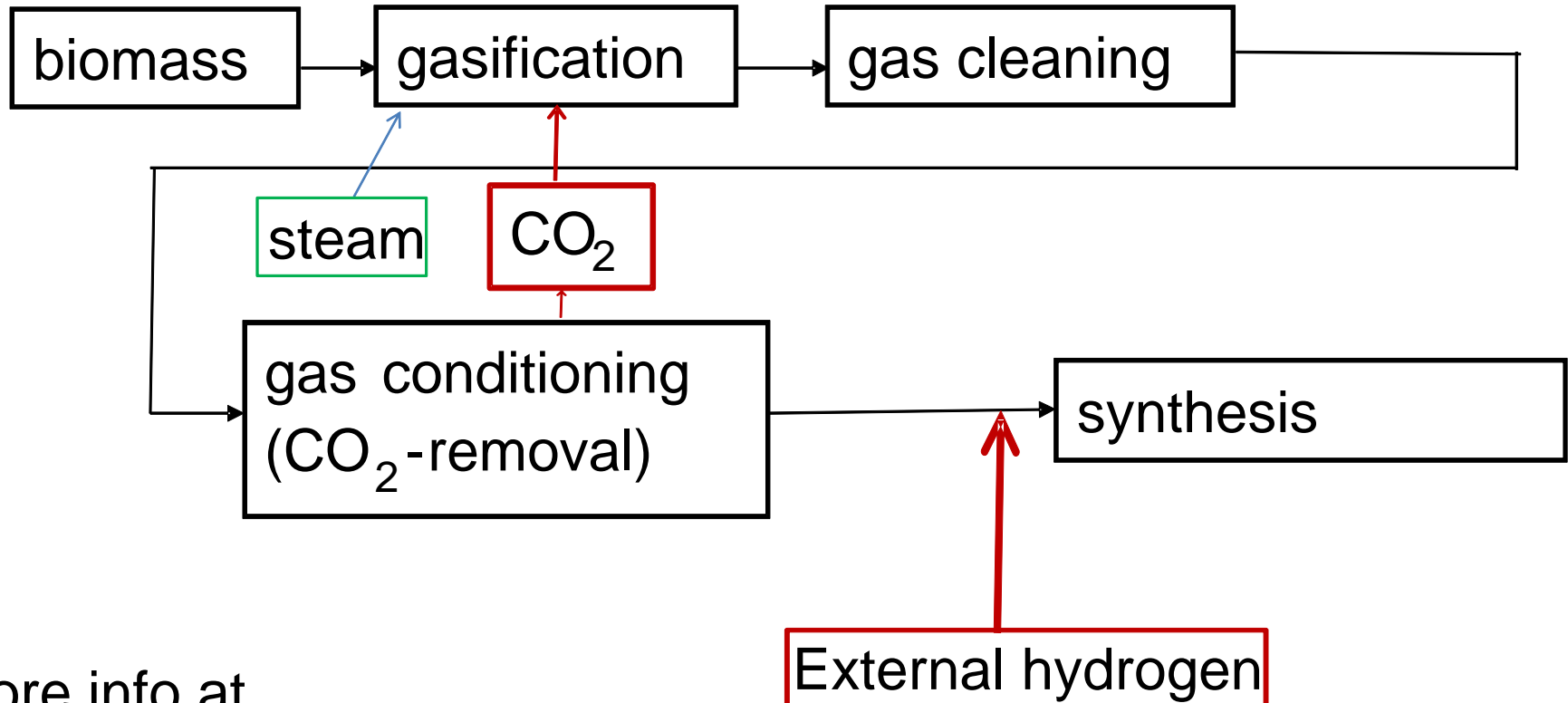
More info at

<http://www.ficfb.at>

<http://www.vt.tuwien.ac.at>

<http://www.bioenergy2020.eu>

Conversion of wind and photovoltaic to transportation fuels



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<http://www.ficfb.at>

<http://www.vt.tuwien.ac.at>

<http://www.bioenergy2020.eu>