



bioenergy2020+

Chemistry of olivine and its influence on biomass gasification

Friedrich Kirnbauer
Hermann Hofbauer

IEA Task 33 Turkey Meeting/ EERA bed material workshop

Istanbul, 2012-04-18

COMET

Competence Centers for
Excellent Technologies

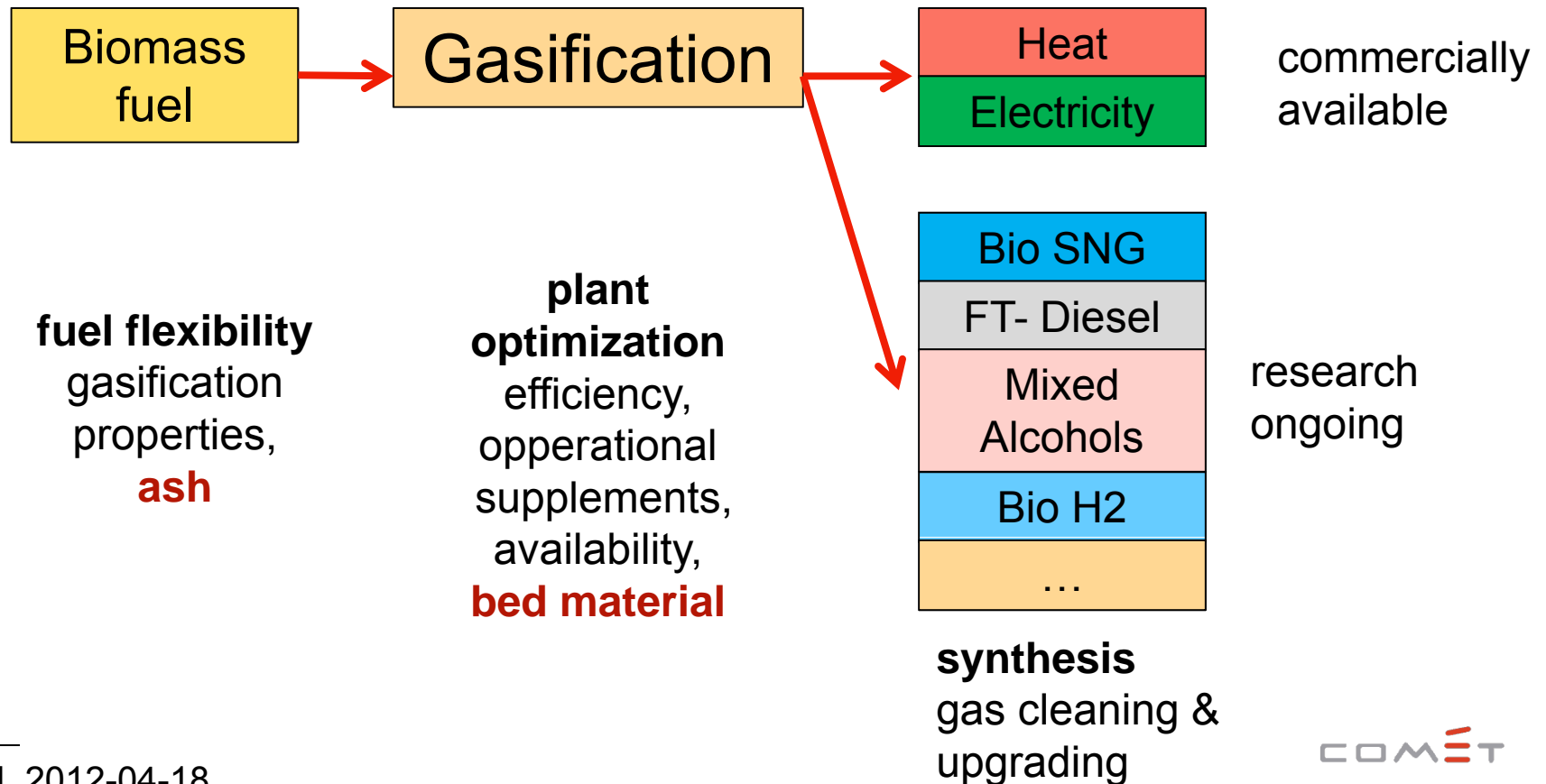


Content

- Biomass steam gasification in DFB
- Analyses of olivine from an industrial scale plant
- Comparison of fresh and used olivine in a 100 kW pilot plant



Biomass steam gasification in DFB plants



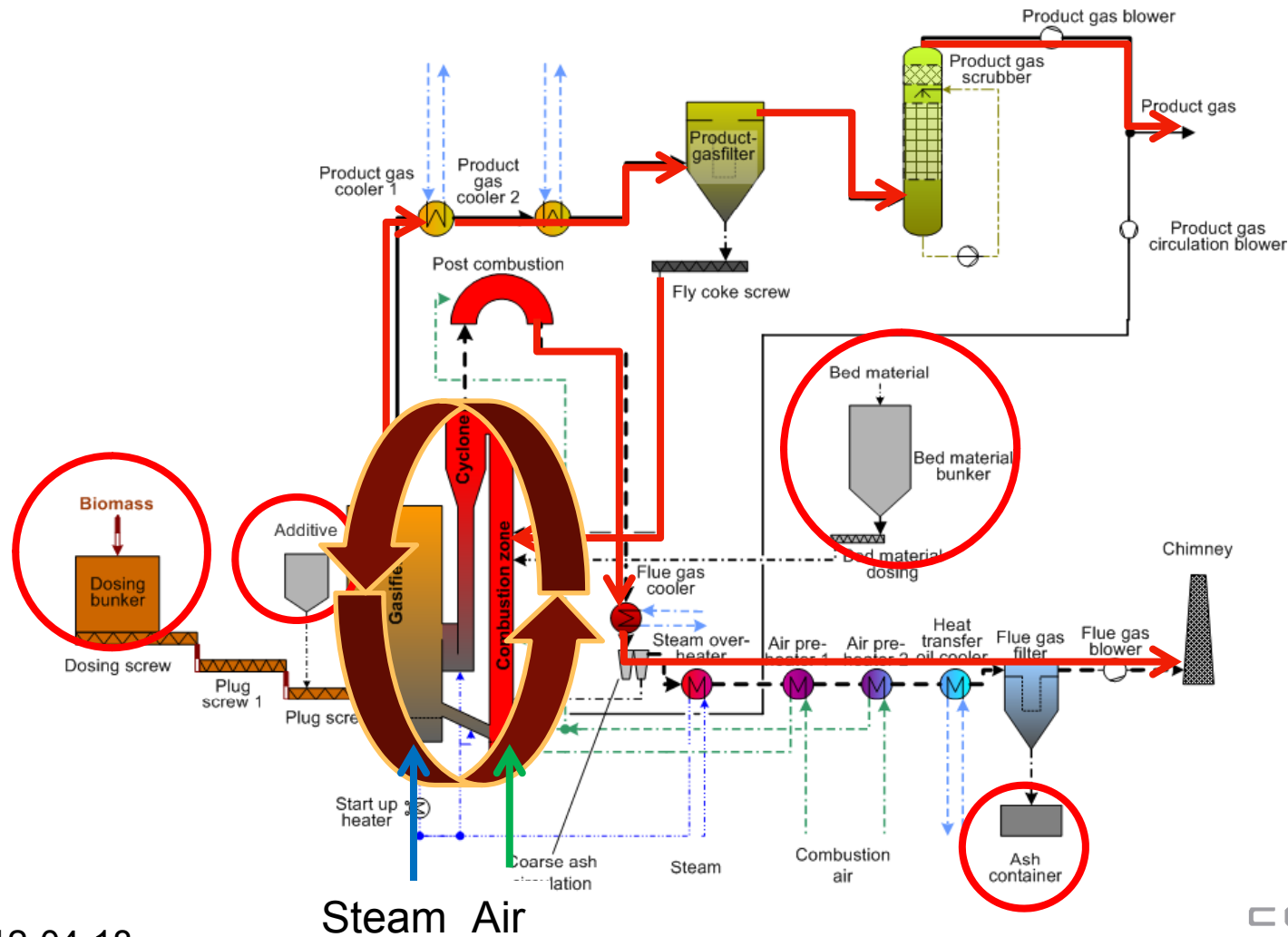
Key figures of the DFB plant in Güssing & other plants



	Unit	Güssing
Fuel power	MW	8
Electrical power	MW	2.0
In operation since		2002
Fuel		Wood residues
Bed material		Olivine
Temperature of gasifier	°C	850
Temperature of combustion zone	°C	~900
Availability	%	~81 (2011)

Location	Start up	Fuel input (MW th)	Product (MW)
Oberwart/AUT	2007	8.5	2.8 _{el}
Villach/AUT	2010	15	3.7 _{el}
Ulm/GER	2011	11.5	5 _{el}
Göteborg/SWE	Late 2012	32	20 _{hydrogen}

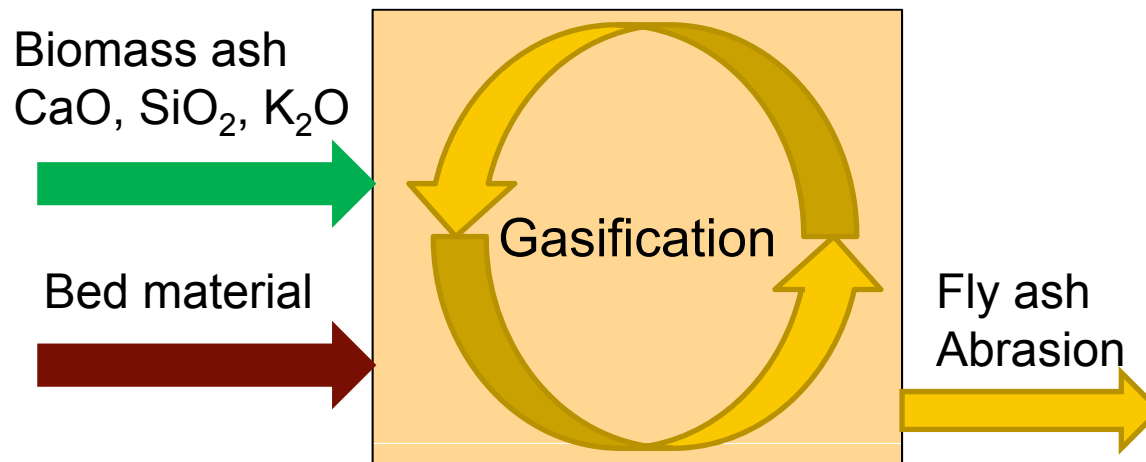
Biomass Steam Gasification in DFB Plants





Why olivine?

- Natural mineral
 - $(\text{Mg, Fe})_2\text{SiO}_4$
- High abrasion resistance
- Positive catalytic effects on tar reduction compared to quartz sand
 - Calcination improves catalytic activity
- Low agglomeration tendency



- Operation time: 7000 h+/year
- Retention time of bed material: ~150 h

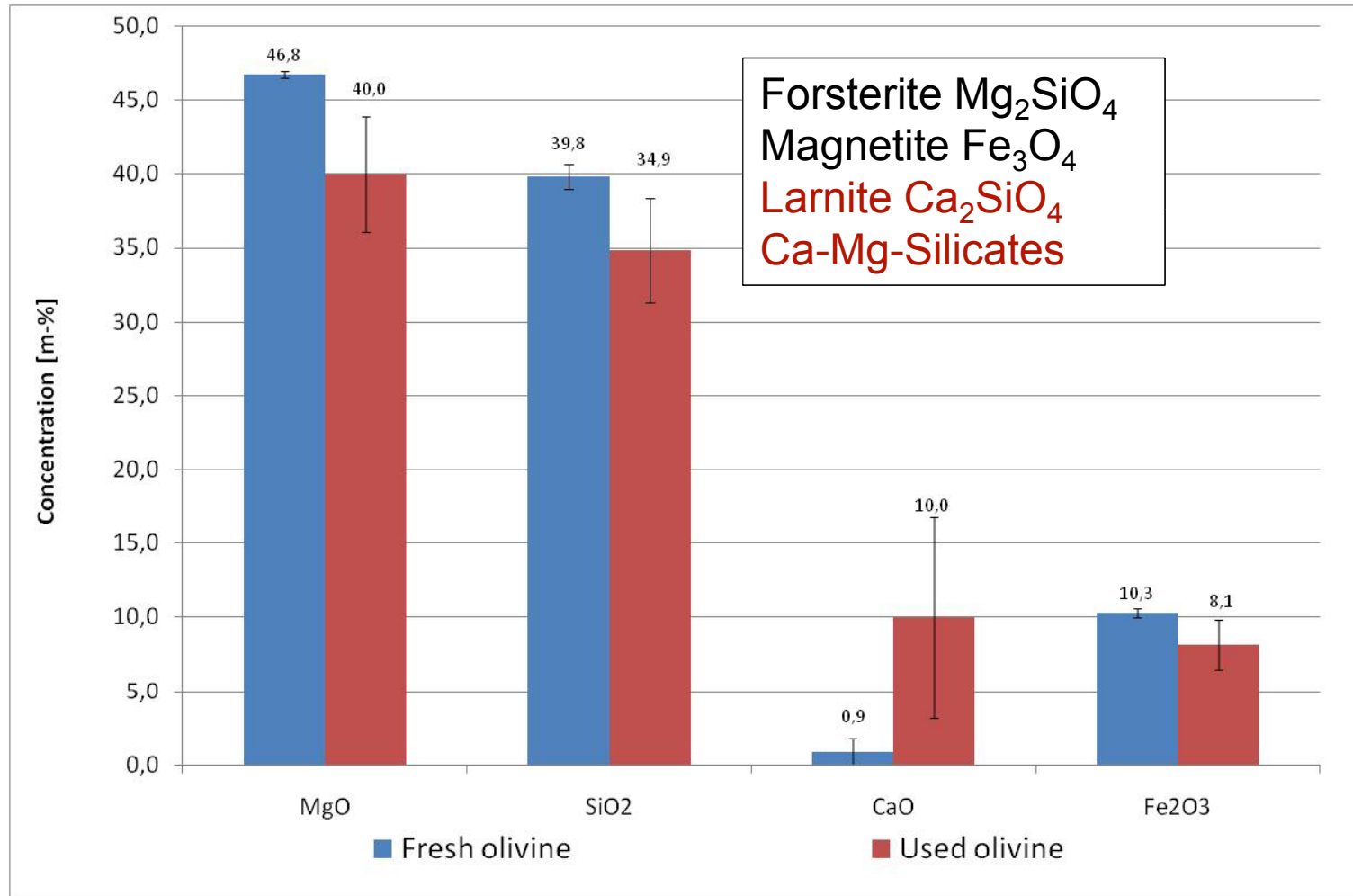


Content

- Biomass steam gasification in DFB
- Analyses of olivine from an industrial scale plant
- Comparison of fresh and used olivine in a 100 kW pilot plant

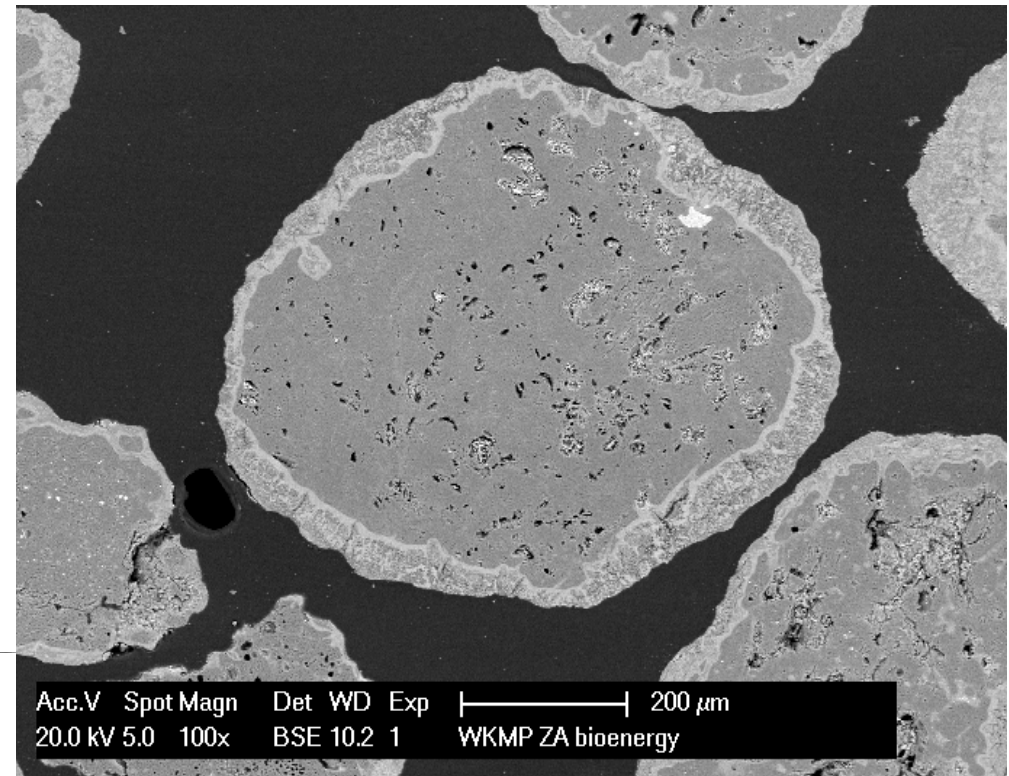
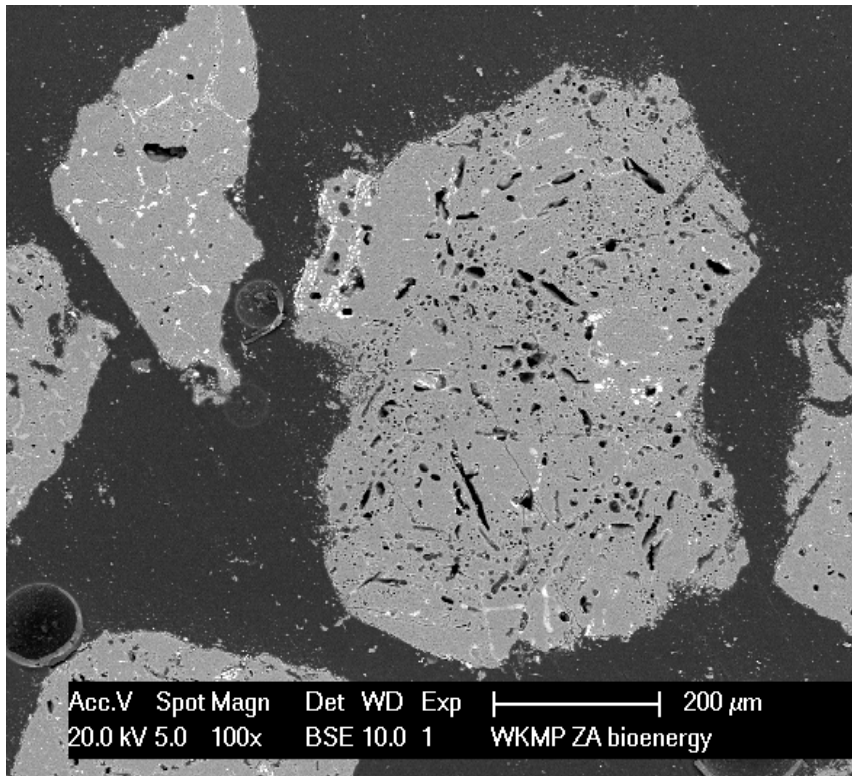


Analyses fresh – used bed material Main elements



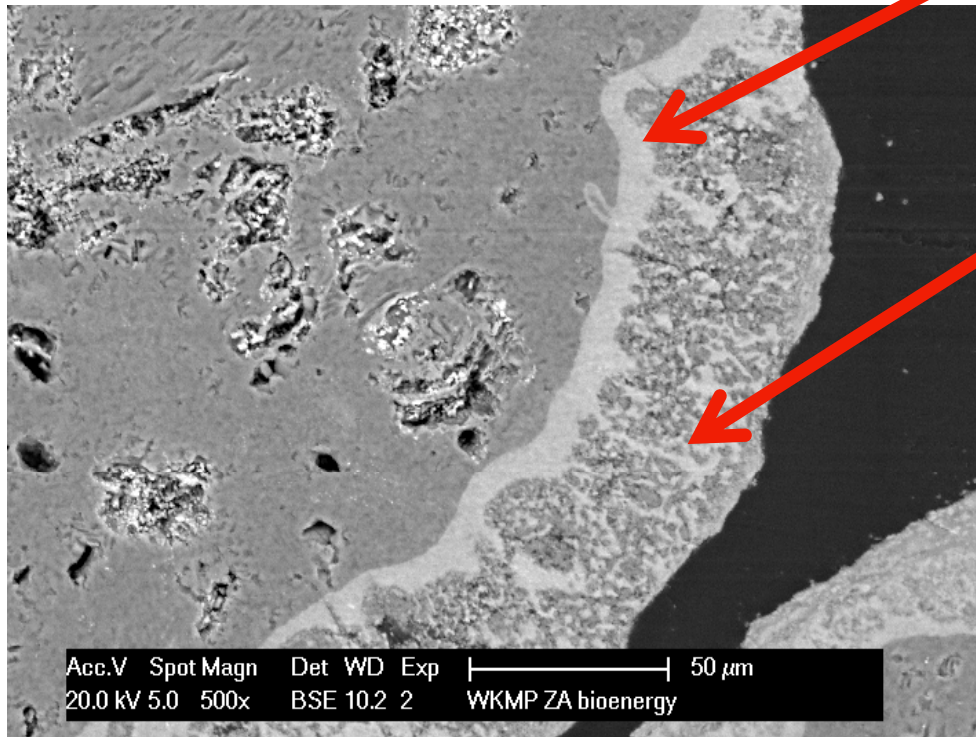


Comparison fresh olivine – used Olivine





Used olivine Detail



- Inner layer

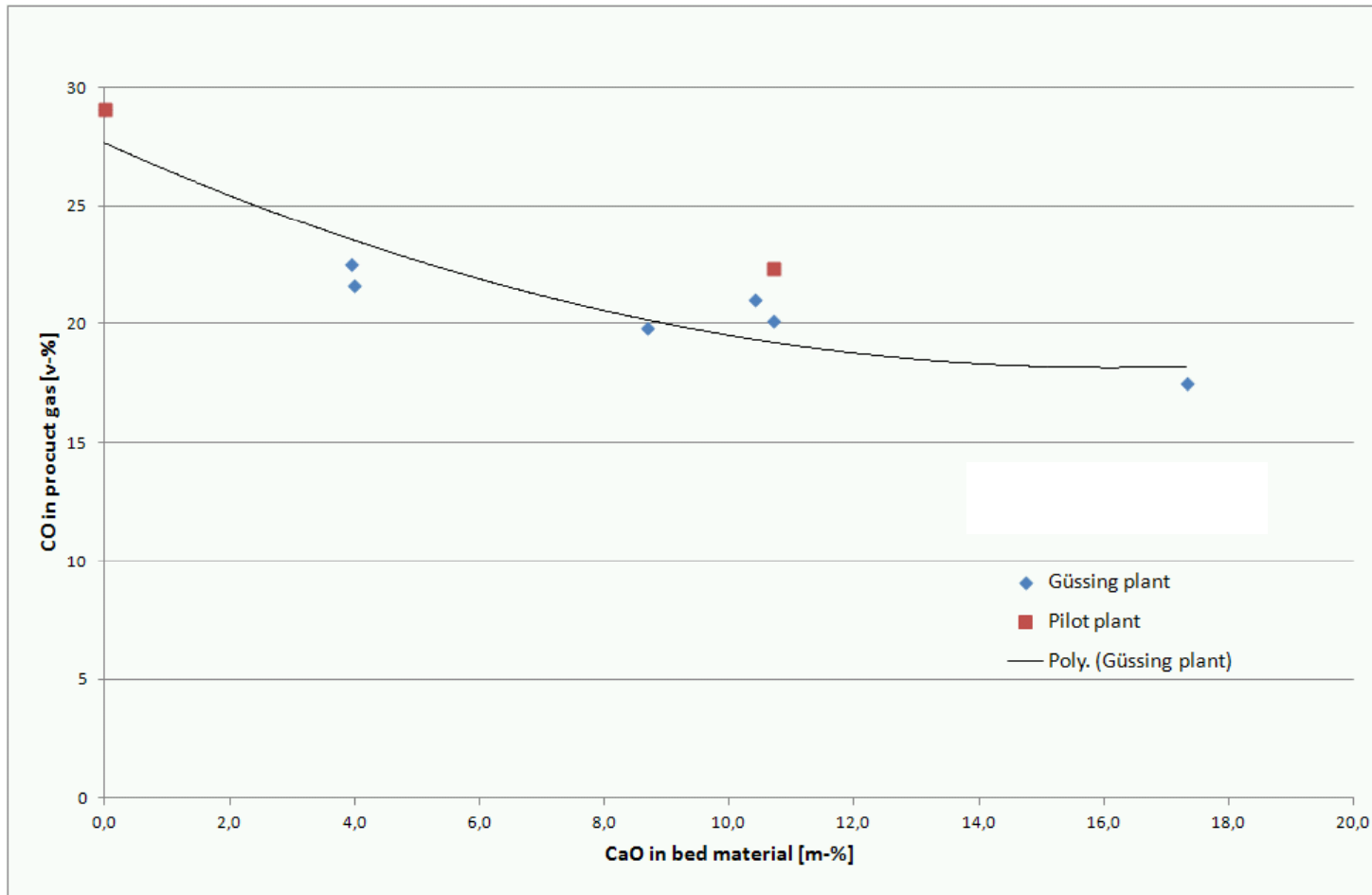
- Homogenous
- CaO , SiO_2

- Outer layer

- Inhomegenious
- CaO , SiO_2 , MgO



Calcium content bed material vs. CO-content in product gas





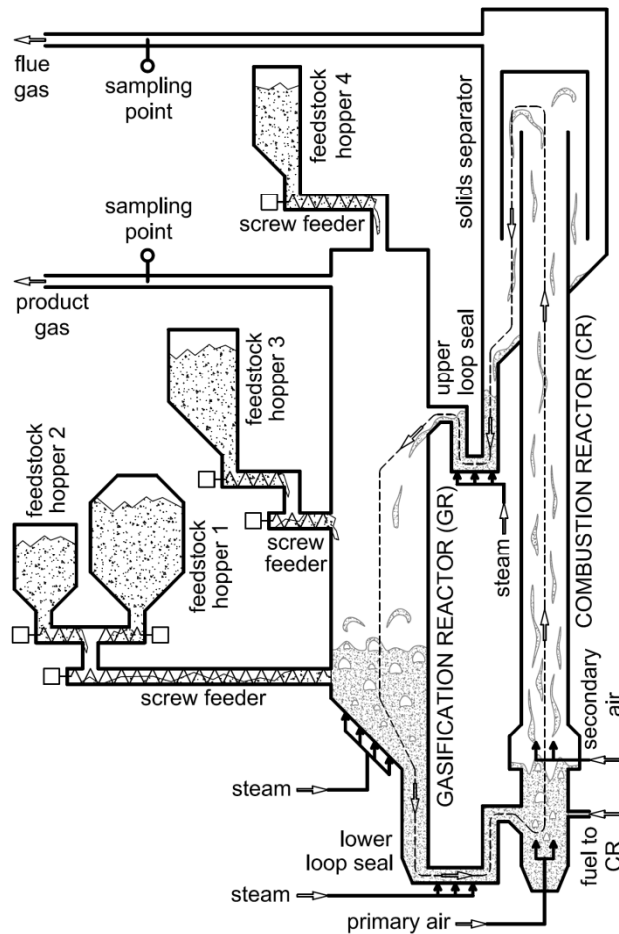
Content

- Biomass steam gasification in DFB
- Analyses of olivine from an industrial scale plant
- Comparison of fresh and used olivine in a 100 kW pilot plant



Trials in a 100 kW pilot plant at VUT

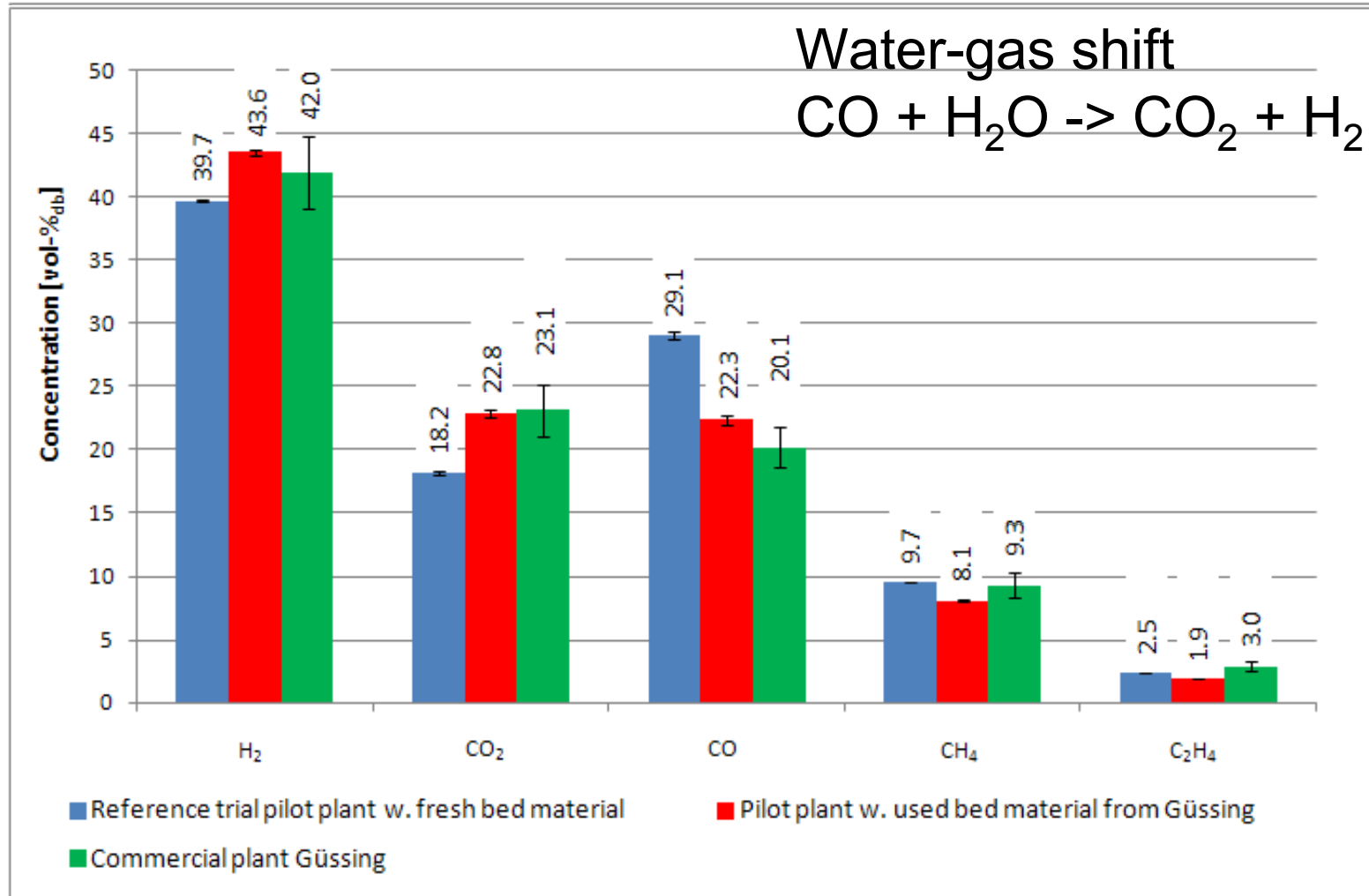
What is the influence of the layer?



- Comparison of fresh and used olivine under same operation conditions
 - Temperature
 - Fuel
 - Steam/carbon
 - Particle size bed material
 - ...

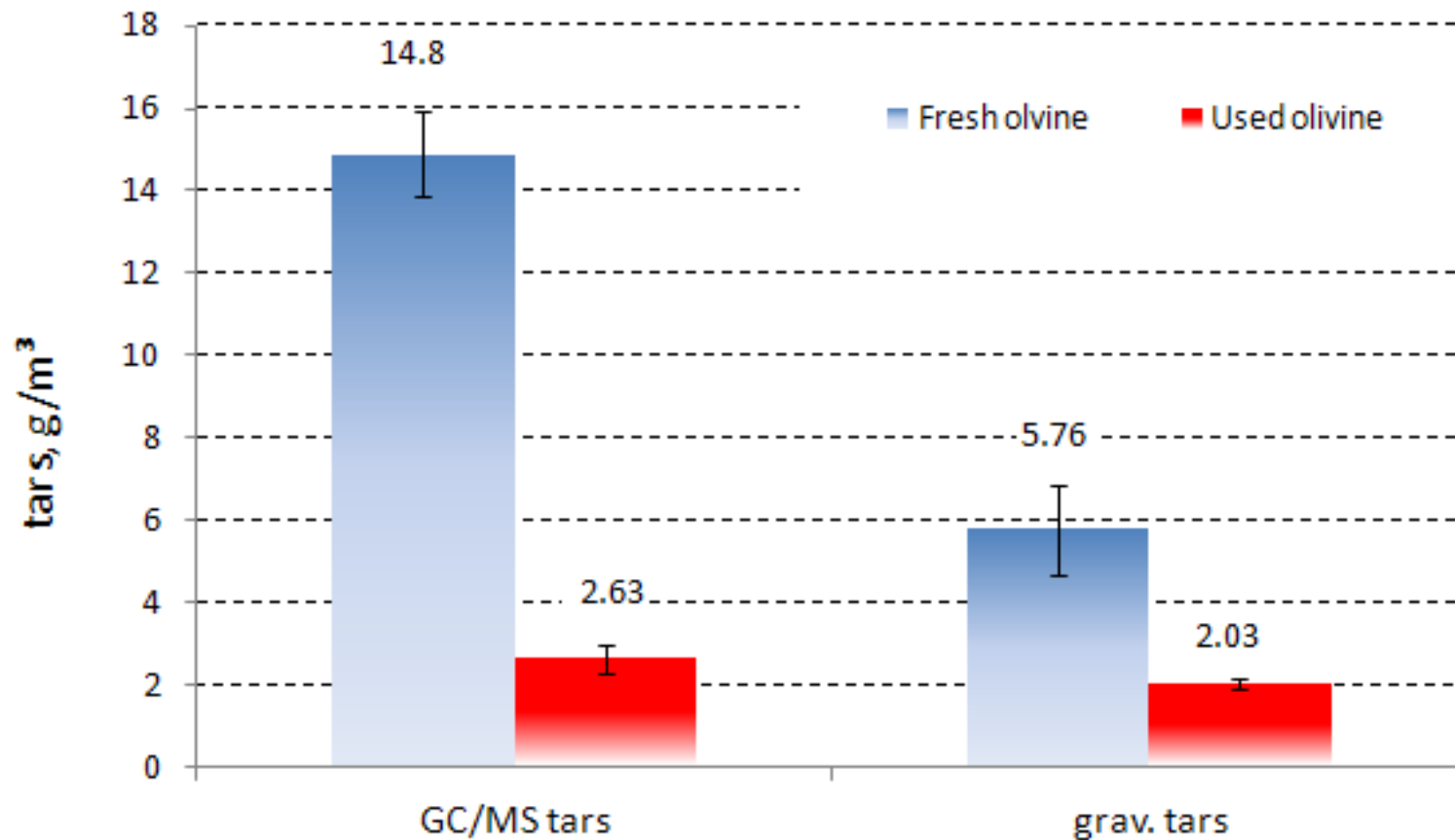


Comparison fresh – used olivine Product gas composition





Comparison fresh – used olivine Tar analysis





Conclusion

- Olivine is modified in industrial scale plants
 - Calcium rich layer
- The water-gas shift reaction is enhanced by the layer
 - Higher H₂, CO₂, lower CO in the product gas
 - Lower energy demand for gasification
- Positive effects on tar reduction
 - Tar reduction from 60-80%
- Results of the 100 kW pilot plant are in accordance with industrial scale plant



References

- Kirnbauer, F.; Hofbauer, H. Investigations on Bed Material Changes in a Dual Fluidized Bed Steam Gasification Plant in Güssing, Austria. *Energy Fuels* **2011**, *25*, 3793–3798. DOI: 10.1021/ef200746c
- Kirnbauer, F.; Wilk, V.; Kitzler, H.; Kern, S.; Hofbauer, H. The positive effects of bed material coating on tar reduction in a dual fluidized bed gasifier. *FUEL* **2011**, *95*, 553-562. DOI: 10.1016/j.fuel.2011.10.066



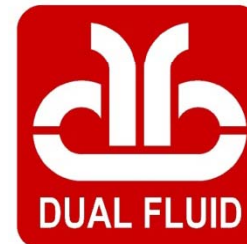
Thank you for your attention!

bioenergy2020+



VIENNA
UNIVERSITY OF
TECHNOLOGY

Institute of Chemical Engineering



FUTURE
ENERGY
TECHNOLOGY

Dual Fluidized Bed Systems

Friedrich Kirnbauer
Wienerstraße 49
A-7540 GÜSSING
f.kirnbauer@bioenergy2020.eu

Biomass Steam Gasification in DFB plants

