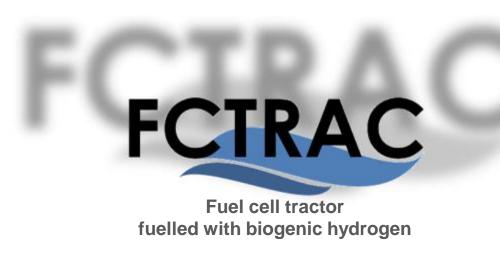
Decentral Production of PEMFC Suitable Hydrogen from Air Gasification of Wood













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Decentral Production of PEMFC Suitable Hydrogen from Air Gasification of WoodOutline

Introduction – Project FCTRAC

BioH₂Modul

- Process Chains for H₂ Production from Biomass-derived Gases
- Motivation H₂ Production in Existing CHP Plants
- Design Case of BioH₂Modul and Plant Capacity
- Current Status on Site in Carinthia
- Next Steps and Outlook

Mini-BioH₂Modul

- Lab-scale Investigations at ICEBE Technical Laboratory
- Experiments with a Lab-scale Pressure Swing Adsorption Plant for H₂ Production from Synthetic Gas Mixtures

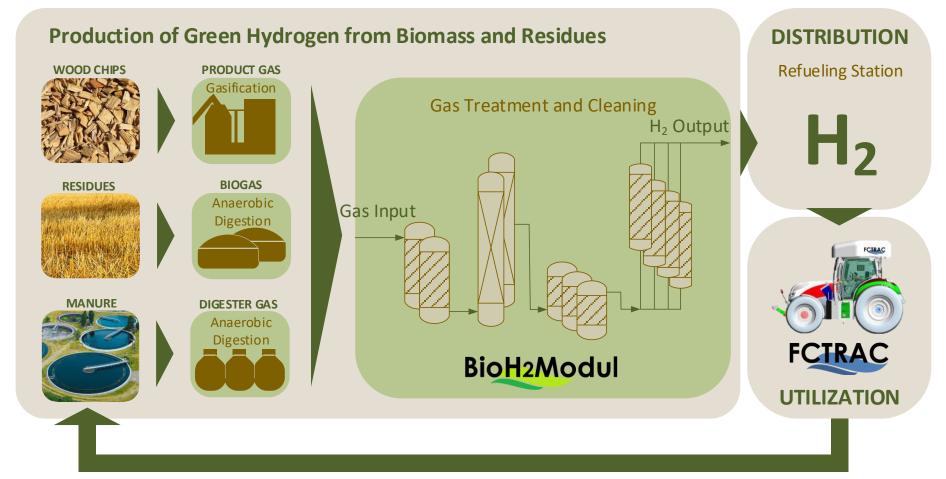






Project FCTRAC

Concept of Sustainable and Input-flexible H₂ Production for Fuel Cell Tractor Application



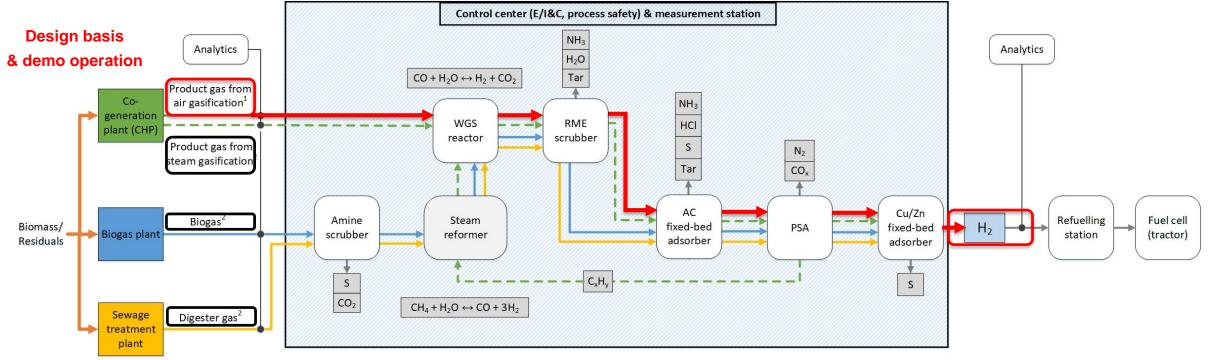
CIRCULAR ECONOMY







Process Chains for H₂ Production from Biomass-derived Gases Concept of Flexible BioH₂Modul



¹ Basis for design of BioH₂Modul

Techno-economic assessment









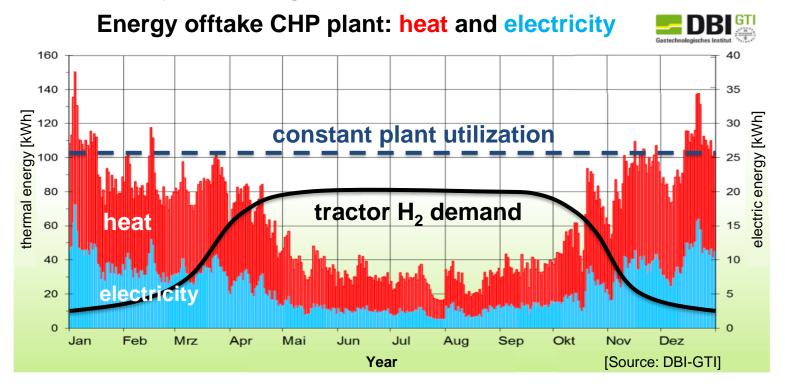
² Process simulation for flexible BioH₂Modul

Motivation

H₂ Production in Existing CHP Plants

Seasonal energy demand: CHP plant heat and electricity output

- → High potential for H₂ production by existing plants in low energy season
- → Increase of overall efficiency of existing plants constant plant utilization



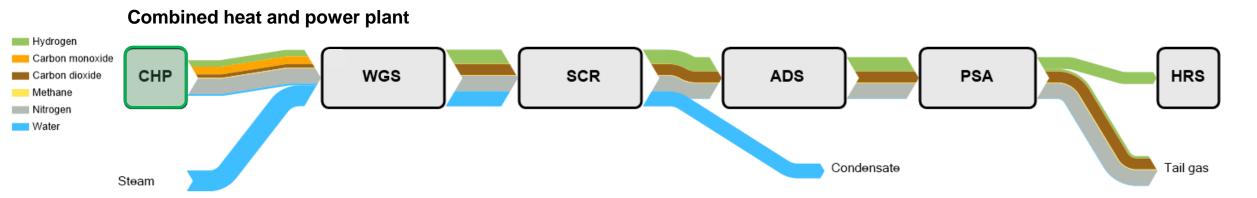
https://www.dbi-gruppe.de/files/PDFs/Flyer_Broschuere/81_Gasanwendung_FY_Monitoring_2014.pdf -







Design Case of BioH₂Modul and Plant Capacity Detailed Process Chain



| Gas composition | Unit | Fixed-bed gasifier product gas ¹ |
|------------------|--------------------|---|
| H ₂ | vol% _{db} | 17.2 |
| CO | vol% _{db} | 21.2 |
| CO ₂ | vol% _{db} | 12.6 |
| CH ₄ | vol% _{db} | 2.5 |
| N ₂ | vol% _{db} | 46.0 |
| C_xH_y | vol% _{db} | 0.4 |
| H ₂ O | vol% | n.a. |

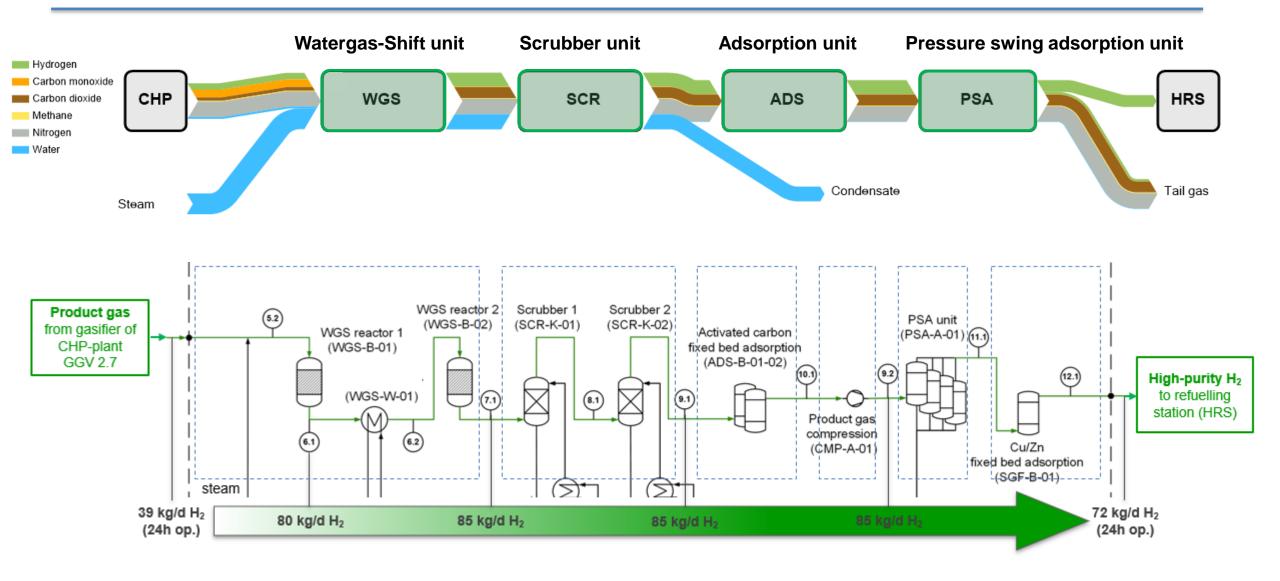
¹ M. Simone, F. Barontini, C. Nicolella und L. Tognotti: Gasification of pelletized biomass in a pilot scale downdraft gasifier. Bioresource Technology (116), 403-412 (2012)







Design Case of BioH₂Modul and Plant Capacity Detailed Process Chain









Design Case of BioH₂Modul and Plant Capacity Detailed Process Chain

Hydrogen refueling station Hydrogen Carbon monoxide WGS SCR ADS CHP **PSA** HRS Carbon dioxide Methane Nitrogen Water Tail gas Condensate Steam

Hydrogen qualitiy according to ISO 14687

Table 2 — Fuel quality specification for PEM fuel cell road vehicle application

| Constituents ^a (assay) | Type I, Type II grade D | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Hydrogen fuel index (minimum mole fraction)b | 99,97 % | | | |
| Total non-hydrogen gases (maximum) | 300 μmol/mol | | | |
| Maximum concentration of individual contaminants | | | | |
| Water (H ₂ 0) | 5 μmol/mol | | | |
| Total hydrocarbons except methane ^c (C1 equivalent) | 2 μmol/mol | | | |
| Methane (CH ₄) | 100 μmol/mol | | | |
| Oxygen (O ₂) | 5 μmol/mol | | | |
| Helium (He) | 300 μmol/mol | | | |

For the constituents that are additive such as total hydrocarbons and total sulphur compounds the sum of the

| Constituents ^a (assay) | Type I, Type II grade D |
|--|----------------------------|
| Nitrogen (N ₂) | 300 μmol/mol |
| Argon (Ar) | 300 μmol/mol |
| Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) | 2 μmol/mol |
| Carbon monoxide (CO) ^d | 0,2 μmol/mol |
| Total sulphur compounds ^e | 0,004 μmol/mol |
| (S1 equivalent) | |
| Formaldehyde (HCHO) ^d | 0,2 μmol/mol |
| Formic acid (HCOOH) ^d | 0,2 μmol/mol |
| Ammonia (NH ₃) | 0,1 μmol/mol |
| Halogenated compounds ^f | 0,05 μmol/mol |
| (Halogen ion equivalent) | |
| Maximum particulate concentration ^g | 1 mg/kg |

For the constituents that are additive, such as total hydrocarbons and total sulphur compounds, the sum of the

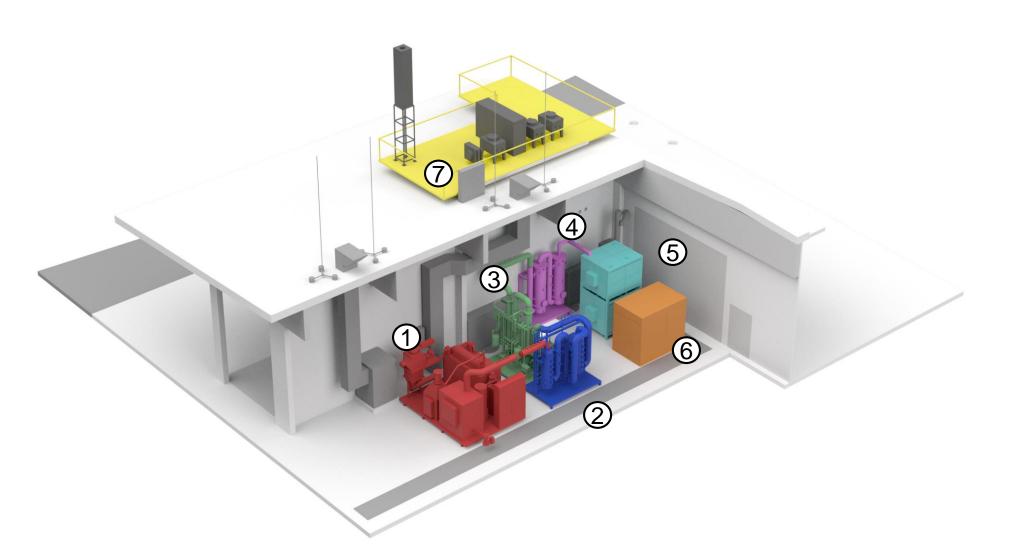






Current Status on Site in Carinthia

3D Model of BioH₂Modul



- (1) CHP plant
- (2) Watergas-Shift unit
- (3) Scrubber unit
- (4) Adsorption unit
- (5) Compressor unit
- (6) Control station
- (7) Auxiliary units

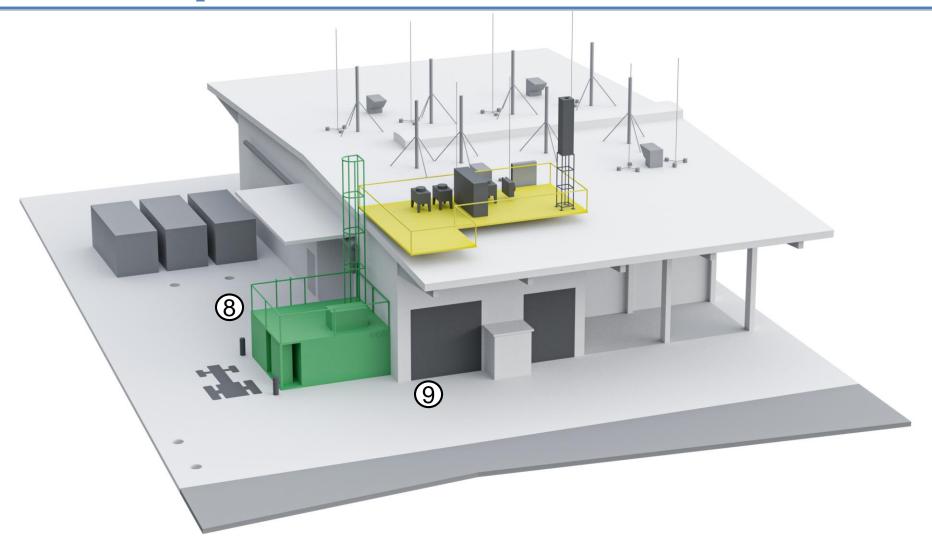






Current Status on Site in Carinthia

3D Model of BioH₂Modul



- (8) Hydrogen refueling station
- (9) Pressure swing adsorption unit







Next steps

Demonstration Operation of BioH₂Modul

- Detail engineering and safety workshops completed
- Ongoing plant approval procedure
- Commissioning of BioH₂Modul planned in September 2023
- Demonstration operation á 2 weeks
 - 1. Campaign: Steady-state operation
 - 2. Campaign: Parameter variations
 - 3. Campaign: Optimization
- Clarification of open issues in gas cleaning







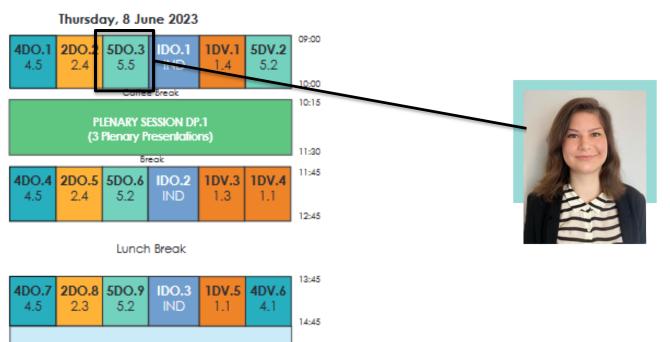


Techno-economic Analysis of BioH₂Modul

Presentation @ EUBCE 2023 in Bologna

Closing

"Techno-economic and Environmental Assessment of 1 MW Hydrogen Production from Woody Biomass Gasification"



VERONICA GUBIN

Vienna University of Technology, AUSTRIA

Session reference: 5DO.3.4

► Techno-economic and Environmental Assessment of 1 MW Hydrogen Production from Woody Biomass Gasification

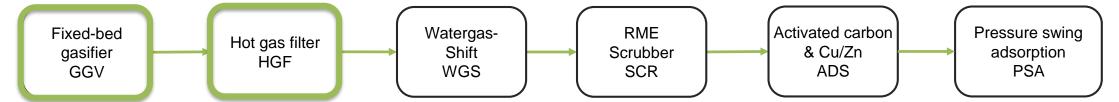






Mini-BioH₂Modul

Lab-scale Investigations at ICEBE Technical Laboratory

















Mini-BioH₂Modul

Lab-scale Investigations at ICEBE Technical Laboratory









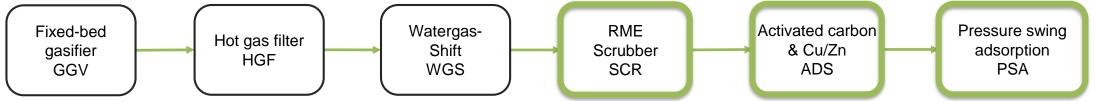






Mini-BioH₂Modul

Lab-scale Investigations at ICEBE Technical Laboratory















Procedure:

- 1. Adsorbent screening with manual operation of the PSA
 - Determination of the loading capacity X_i as a function of:
 - Adsorption pressure
 - Feed gas composition
 - → "Breakthrough curves"

 $X_i(p_i) = \frac{Adsorbate\ mass}{Adsorbent\ mass}$

- 2. Selection of adsorbents & determination of adsorbent quantities
 - E.g. activated carbon (AC) for CO₂- & zeolite (ZMS) for N₂-removal
- 3. Automated operation of the PSA
 - → Determination of KPIs at selected operating parameters (Adsorption time, pressure levels, etc.)







Mini BioH₂Modul

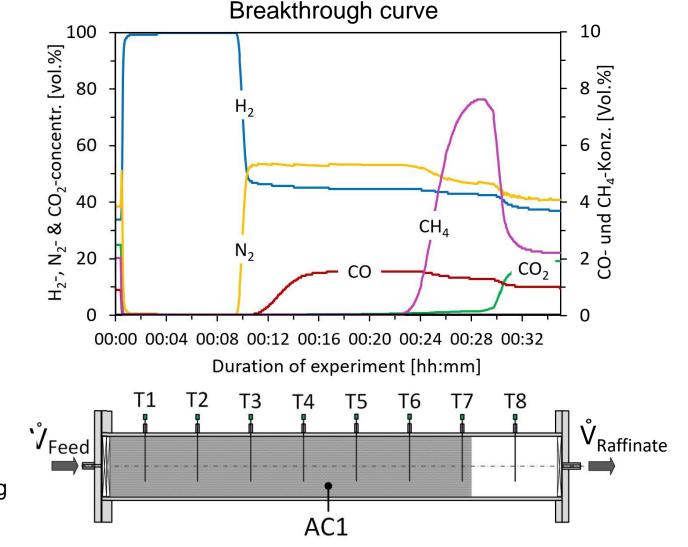
Experiments with a Lab-scale PSA Plant for H₂ Production from Synthetic Gas Mixtures

Breakthrough curve

- Adsorptive mass transfer zones (MTZs) migrate through adsorbent filling with different velocities
- → different breakthrough times t_{BT,i}
- Determination of the loading capacity X_i (of adsortive i):
 - Feed volumetric flow rate
 - Concentration of adsorptive i in the feed
 - Breakhrough time t_{DB,i}
 - Adsorbent mass m_{Ads,k}

Temperature profile:

Estimation of the MTZ position in adsorbent filling









Mini BioH₂Modul

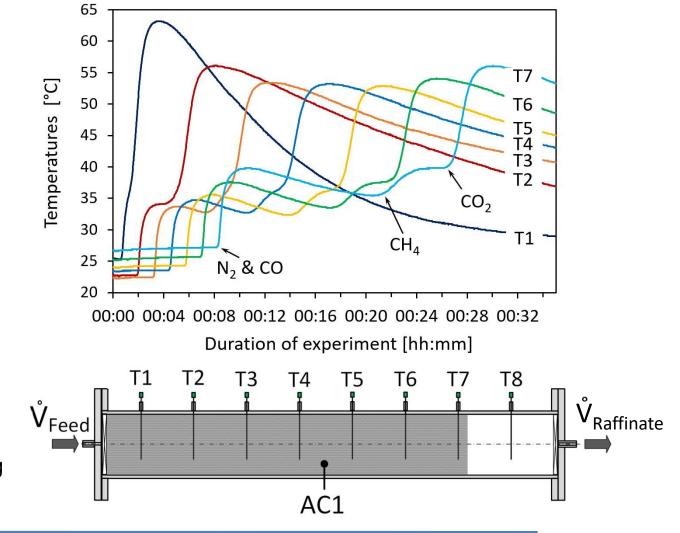
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Temperature profile







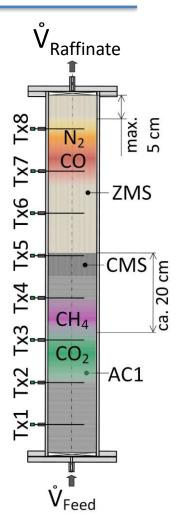
Mini BioH₂Modul

Experiments with a Lab-scale PSA Plant for H₂ Production from Synthetic Gas Mixtures

By optimization of the experimental parameters:

| ters | Parameters of adsorption | | | |
|--------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|------|--------|
| parameters | Adsorption pressure (Reference) | p _{Ads} = | 6,50 | [bara] |
| ıl pa | Pressure equalization at | p _{Equil} = | 4,75 | [bara] |
| enta | Adsorption time | t _{Ads} = | 480 | [s] |
| Experimental | Feed gas parameters | | | |
| Ex | Volumetric flowrate | V _{Feed} = | 12,5 | [slm] |

| | ., > | Key performance indicators: H ₂ | | | |
|---|--------------|--|-------------------|--------|---------------|
| | cessienc | Purity | φ _{H2} = | > 99,9 | [Vol.%] |
| 1 | Pro effic | Recovery | Y _{H2} = | 79,0 | [%] |
| | | Productivity | P _{H2} = | 1,33 | [NI/(kg·min)] |









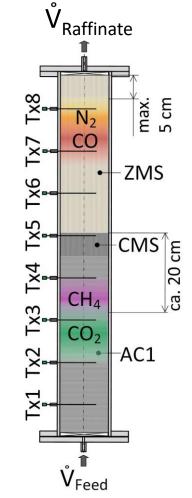
Experiments with a Lab-scale PSA Plant for H₂ Production from Synthetic Gas Mixtures

By optimization of the experimental parameters:

| | Raffinate composition | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Feed gas components | Reference (ISO 14687) | Obtained | | |
| | [vol.%] bzw. <i>[vol.ppm]</i> | [vol.%] bzw. [vol.ppm] | | |
| H ₂ | > 99,97 | > 99,9 | | |
| N ₂ | < 300 | N.n. ¹⁾ | | |
| СО | < 0,2 | < 0,5 1) | | |
| CO ₂ | < 2 | < 5 ²⁾ | | |
| CH ₄ | < 100 | N.n. ¹⁾ | | |

¹⁾ N₂-, CO- & CH₄-concentrations below detection limits of gas analysis. However, significantly lower concentrations than detection limit can be assumed ²⁾ Continuing trend downwards

ISO 14687, "Hydrogen Fuel Quality – Product Specifications", 2019







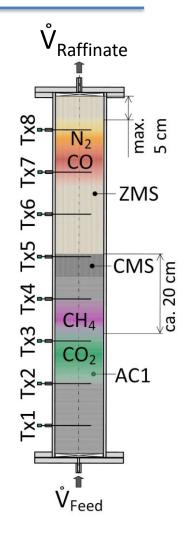


Experiments with a Lab-scale PSA Plant for H₂ Production from Synthetic Gas Mixtures

Achieved so far:

| s 5 | Key performance indicators: H ₂ | | | |
|--------------|--|-------------------|--------|---------------|
| cess | Purity | φ _{H2} = | > 99,9 | [Vol.%] |
| Pro effic | Recovery | Y _{H2} = | 79,0 | [%] |
| 9 | Productivity | P _{H2} = | 1,33 | [NI/(kg·min)] |

- For further improvement of the KPIs:
 - Adjustement of adsorbent filling → Recovery > 80% possible
 - Adsorbent screening of additional adsorbens
 - Mandatory: Improvement of gas analyis → Compliance with limits according to standard verifiable







Thank you for your attention!





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